Stock Code: 2241



## AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC.

## 2024 Annual Shareholders' Meeting Meeting Handbook

Time: 9:00 a.m., Thursday, May 23, 2024

Place: 1F, NO. 17-6, Houhu, Linkou Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan

(Linkou Hubei Civil Activity Center)

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## I · Meeting Procedure

### AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC.

## 2024 Annual Shareholders' Meeting Procedure

- 1. Call the Meeting to Order
- 2. Chairperson Remarks
- 3. Reported matters
- 4. Acknowledged matters
- 5. Election matters
- 6. Matters for Discussion
- 7. Extemporary Motions
- 8. Adjournment

### II · Meeting Agenda

### AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC.

### Agenda of 2024 Annual Meeting of Shareholders

Convening method: Physical meeting

Time: 9:00 a.m., Thursday, May 23, 2024

Place: 1F, NO. 17-6, Houhu, Linkou Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan

(Linkou Hubei Civil Activity Center)

- 1. Call the Meeting to Order
- 2. Chairperson Remarks
- 3. Reported matters
  - (1) 2023 Annual Business Report
  - (2) 2023 Annual Audit Committee Review Report
  - (3) 2023 Annual Employee and Director Compensation Distribution Report
  - (4) 2023 Director Remuneration Report
  - (5) Amendment Report on "Board Meeting Rules"
  - (6) Report on the Accumulated Losses of the Company Reaching Half of the Paid-in Capital
  - (7) Report on the Implementation Status of Operating Improvement Plans in 2023
  - (8) Private Placement Progress Report in 2023
- 4. Acknowledged matters
  - (1) 2023 Annual Business Report and Financial Statements Proposal
  - (2) 2023 Profit and Loss Appropriation Proposal
- 5. Election matters
  - (1) Proposal for Comprehensive Re-election of Directors (Including Independent Directors)
- 6. Matters for Discussion

- (1) Amendment Proposal for Certain Articles of the "Articles of Association"
- (2) Amendment Proposal for Certain Articles of the "Shareholders' Meeting Rules"
- (3) Proposal to Lift Restrictions on Newly Appointed Directors and their Representatives from Engaging in Competing Businesses
- 7. Extemporary motions
- 8. Adjournment

### **III · Reported matters**

Item 1. 2023 Annual Business Report

Explanation: Please refer to Attachment 1 (Page8~10) for the 2023 Business Report.

Item 2. 2023 Annual Audit Committee Review Report

Explanation: Please refer to attachment 2 (Page11) for The Audit Committee's Review Report in 2023.

Item 3. 2023 Annual Employee and Director Compensation Distribution Report

Explanation: According to Article 24 of our company's articles of association, the pre-tax net loss for the fiscal year 2023 amounted to NT\$232,856,639. It is proposed not to distribute any remuneration to employees and directors.

Item 4. 2023 Director Remuneration Report

Explanation: (1) The correlation between the company's director remuneration policy, system, standards, and structure and the factors such as responsibilities, risks, and time commitment is as follows:

- A. The remuneration for the company's directors is distributed in accordance with the "Director and Functional Committee Remuneration Management Measures" passed by the Board of Directors. The content includes transportation expenses, business execution fees, and annual remuneration calculated based on the profit ratio. The profit ratio is set within a range determined by reference to general industry standards and is included in the company's articles of association approved by the shareholders' meeting.
- B. The company's articles of association also specify that director remuneration shall not exceed 3% of the annual profit. The remuneration for the company's directors is handled in accordance with the "Director and Functional Committee

Remuneration Management Measures" passed by the Board of Directors, with the following principles:

- I. Directors who provide endorsement guarantees for the company or serve as members of functional committees bear the responsibility of participating in committee discussions and decisions, so their remuneration may be higher than that of ordinary directors.
- II. Attendance at board meetings serves as the basis for remuneration distribution for the year.
- (2) Due to operational losses in the fiscal year 2023, the company proposes not to distribute director remuneration. For individual director remuneration, including that of independent directors, please refer to Attachment 4 (Page 35~36).

### Item 5. Amendment Report on "Board Meeting Rules"

Explanation: In compliance with the regulations set forth by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC) of the Republic of China, including Order No. 1120383996 issued on January 11, 113th Year of the Republic of China, and Order No. 1110383263 issued on August 5, 111th Year of the Republic of China, the company proposes to amend certain articles of the "Board Meeting Rules". For a comparison table of the articles before and after the amendment, please refer to Attachment 5 (Pages 37-40).

Item 6. Report on the Accumulated Losses of the Company Reaching Half of the Paid-in Capital

- Explanation: (1) According to Article 211 of the Company Act, "When the accumulated losses of a company reach half of its paid-in capital, the board of directors shall report this to the nearest shareholders' meeting."
  - (2) The company's audited financial statements for the year 2023 show accumulated losses amounting to NT\$524,536 thousand, which exceeds half of the paid-in capital. Accordingly, in compliance with the law, this will be reported to the shareholders' meeting in the year 2024.

Item 7. Report on the Implementation Status of Operating Improvement Plans in 2023

- Explanation: (1) On August 10, 2023, the board of directors of the company passed a resolution to carry out a cash capital increase, which was subsequently approved by the Financial Supervisory Commission in Letter No. 1120354684 dated September 22, 2023. In accordance with the provisions of this letter, the company is required to submit quarterly reports on the implementation status of its sound business operation plan to the board of directors for control and also report to the shareholders' meeting.
  - (2) For details regarding the implementation status of the sound business operation plan for the fiscal year 2023, please refer to Attachment 6 (Page 41).

### Item 8. Private Placement Progress Report in 2023

Explanation: The company resolved at the shareholders' meeting held on May 25, 2023 to issue ordinary shares or domestic convertible corporate bonds through private placement, with a maximum issuance of 30,000,000 shares. Pursuant to Article 43-6 of the Securities and Exchange Act, the issuance was to be conducted in installments within one year from the date of the shareholders' meeting resolution. However, due to the inability to find suitable subscribers, it was decided not to proceed with the issuance upon expiration of the specified period.

### IV · Acknowledged matters

### Item 1. (Proposed by Board of Directors)

Proposal: 2023 Annual Business Report and Financial Statements Proposal

Explanation: (1) The financial statements and consolidated financial statements of the company for the year 2023 have been audited by the accounting firm of PricewaterhouseCoopers, including Mr. Chen Jinchang and Mr. Liao Fuming. The audit has been completed, and along with the business report, it has been submitted to the Audit Committee for review, and an audit report has been issued and is on record.

(2) The business report, Audit Committee review report, auditor's review report, and the aforementioned 2023 financial reports, please refer to Attachment 1 (Pages 8-10), Attachment 2 (Page 11), and Attachment 3 (Pages 12-34).

Resolution:

### Item 2. (Proposed by Board of Directors)

Proposal: 2023 Profit and Loss Appropriation Proposal

Explanation: (1) Please refer to the 2023 Deficit Compensation Statement as follows:

### Amulaire Thermal Technology, Inc. Deficits Compensation Statement 2023

Unit: NTD

Deficit yet to be compensated of prior years

Add: 2023 Remeasurement of defined benefit plan

Adjusted Deficit yet to be compensated in the beginning of the year

(328,550,814)

Add: 2023 net loss (223,565,294)

Deficit yet to be compensated -at the end of 2023

Lin, Chi-Sheng Shi, Zhi-Hong Chen, Ding-Yu

Chaieman of the Board Executive Officer Chief Accounting Officer

(2) Since the company still has accumulated losses in 2023, it plans not to issue dividends.

Resolution:

### V · Election matters

### Item 1. (Proposed by Board of Directors)

Proposal: Proposal for Comprehensive Re-election of Directors (Including Independent Directors)

Explanation: (1) The current term of office for all directors of the company will expire on July 14, 2024, and it is proposed to have an early re-election at this shareholders' meeting.

- (2) According to Article 14 of the company's articles of association, a total of 7 directors (including 3 independent directors) shall be elected in this comprehensive election. The nomination of candidates for all directors shall be made by shareholders, and directors shall be elected from the candidate list. Re-election is permissible.
- (3) Newly elected directors shall assume office immediately after the shareholders' meeting, with a term of three years from May 23, 2024 to May 22, 2027. The incumbent directors shall be dismissed upon the assumption of office by the newly elected directors.
- (4) The list of director (including independent director) candidates has been reviewed and approved by the board of directors. For their educational background, experience, and other relevant information, please refer to Attachment 7 (Page 42~42) and Attachment 8 (Page 44).

Request for Election:

### VI · Matters for Discussion

### Item 1. (Proposed by Board of Directors)

Proposal: Amendment Proposal for Certain Articles of the "Articles of Association"

Explanation: In compliance with the regulations set forth by the Financial Supervisory Commission of

the Republic of China in Letter No. 1120380899 dated March 6, 2023, the company proposes to amend certain articles of the "Articles of Association." For a comparison table of the articles before and after the amendment, please refer to Attachment 9 (Page 45~46).

Resolution:

### Item 2.

### (Proposed by Board of Directors)

Proposal: Amendment Proposal for Certain Articles of the "Shareholders' Meeting Rules"

Explanation: In accordance with the regulations stipulated in Letter No. 1100001446 issued by the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation on January 28, 2021, Letter No. 1110004250 issued on March 8, 2022, and Letter No. 1120380899 issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission on March 6, 2023, the company proposes to amend certain articles of the "Shareholders' Meeting Rules." For a comparison table of the articles before and after the amendment, please refer to Attachment 10 (Pages 47-59).

Resolution:

### Item 3.

### (Proposed by Board of Directors)

Proposal: Proposal to Lift Restrictions on Newly Appointed Directors and their Representatives from Engaging in Competing Businesses.

- Explanation:(1) According to Article 209 of the Company Law, if a director engages in activities within the scope of the company's business for themselves or others, they must explain the important details of such actions to the shareholders' meeting and obtain their approval.
  - (2) To facilitate the smooth operation of our company's business by our directors, without compromising the interests of the company, it is proposed to request approval at the shareholders' meeting to lift the restrictions on competition for newly appointed directors and their representatives. Further details regarding the nature of this competition will be provided on-site prior to discussing this matter at the shareholders' meeting.

Resolution:

### VII · Extemporary motions

### Adjournment

VIII (Attachment 1)

AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC.
2023 Business Report

Dear Shareholders

First of all, we would like to express our sincere gratitude to all of you for your continuous support of the company. In 2023, due to the global economic downturn caused by factors such as the fight against inflation, our business did not expand as expected, and our financial performance fell short of expectations. The entire management team of the company extends our deepest apologies to everyone. Moving forward, both the management team and all employees will redouble our efforts to improve the company's operational performance. The global electric vehicle market continued its robust growth trend in 2023. Major automotive manufacturers, Tier 1 automotive component suppliers, and semiconductor giants worldwide have all been actively involved in the development of electric vehicle products. In line with the industry's development, our customer projects for new products have continued to increase. In order to maintain competitiveness in this industry wave and increase market share, continuous investment is a necessary strategy at this stage. We believe that the investments made by the company during this period will be the key to improving future operational performance.

Amulaire's vision is to become a leading provider of comprehensive heat dissipation solutions in the global green energy industry. In recent years, the company has invested in new processes such as forging and welding, diversified applications of heat dissipation materials, and has begun backward integration to provide customers with diverse and comprehensive solutions. In 2023, the company successfully mass-produced copper stamping closed-loop water-cooling subsystems and secured cooperation projects with several international automotive component manufacturers, semiconductor module manufacturers, and startup car manufacturers. This successful collaboration has allowed the company to establish good relationships with new important customers, marking a new milestone in the company's operations. The company also anticipates increasing new production customers and products each year in the future to continue expanding its operational scale and reducing operational risks.

Amulaire has always believed that providing customers with "high added value" and "high quality" products and services is the most important competitive advantage. Based on this premise, Amulaire continues to invest in innovation and research and development, and has obtained multiple domestic and international patents. Through research and development, Amulaire enhances its

technical capabilities to provide customers with higher-quality solutions, transforming Amulaire from a simple supplier into a business partner for customers.

In 2023, due to the successful introduction of new products into mass production and the commencement of production and sales at the Mainland China operational site, the company's revenue grew by approximately 21% compared to 2022. However, various production costs, including materials, remained relatively high due to inflationary pressures. Additionally, the production quantity at the new factory remained relatively low. Despite continuous efforts to improve processes and enhance production efficiency to save costs, the company's gross profit margin remained roughly the same as in 2022. On the operational expenses front, the overall growth in the electric vehicle market, coupled with an increase in new product development projects and the gradual entry of new products into mass production, led to a continuous increase in product development expenses. Nevertheless, the company responded to the economic downturn by implementing cost-cutting measures without compromising the prerequisites for new product development, which has shown some effectiveness. Starting from 2024, the company will continue to develop new products and enhance operational efficiency to improve overall operational performance.

The comparison of operation performance between 2023 and 2022

Unit: NTD Thousands

Item	2022	2022	Difference	Difference%
Operation Revenue	\$ 883,963	\$ 731,236	\$ 152,727	21
Operation Cost	(889,935)	(739,889)	(150,046)	20
Gross Margin	(5,972)	(8,653)	2,681	(31)
Operation Expense	(231,419)	(268,289)	36,870	(14)
Operation Loss	(237,391)	(276,942)	39,551	(14)
Other Gain(Loss)	(13,702)	51,306	(65,008)	(127)
Net Loss before Tax	(251,093)	(225,636)	(25,457)	11
Income Tax Benefit	9,292	795	8,497	1,069
Net Loss	(241,801)	(224,841)	(16,960)	8

In the outlook for 2024, Amulaire faces both opportunities and threats. With the resurgence of extreme weather events and the global consensus on sustainable development among governments and businesses, promoting electric vehicles has become a major policy focus worldwide, driven by commitments made at the United Nations Climate Summit. Major

countries are increasingly promoting electric vehicles to fulfill their carbon reduction commitments, and global market research and analysis institutions have optimistic long-term forecasts for the compound annual growth rate of electric vehicles. This represents an opportunity for sustained long-term growth for the company. However, on the threat side, concerns arise from financial tightening due to inflation and fluctuations in raw material prices caused by geopolitical conflicts. This may lead to economic stagnation and uncertainty in the economic development of major economies in 2024, with the threat of global economic recession still looming. The management team adheres to the long-term trend of sustainable development in the green energy and environmental protection industry, disregarding the short-term impact of international economic conditions. They are actively diversifying product offerings, expanding customer bases, enhancing production process capabilities, improving production efficiency and quality, systematizing processes, and investing in automation and human resource development. They believe that after overcoming adverse economic factors, the company will return to a growth trajectory.

The management team and all employees of our company deeply recognize the earnest expectations of our shareholders. In the future, we will be even more proactive in enhancing operational performance and strengthening corporate governance. In addition to continuously developing innovative products to establish core competitiveness, we will also enhance our grasp of market trends, expand the application areas of our products, and improve the overall operational quality of the company. Our ultimate goal is to become a world-class manufacturer of heat dissipation materials, components, and solutions.

At this crucial moment of expanding our performance, Amulaire would like to express gratitude to all shareholders for their support. The management team and all employees will continue to strive for better performance to repay the trust and support of our shareholders.

At last, we thank to all your support and encouragement again. Hope you be healthy and well.

Chairman: Lin-Chisheng Executive: Shi, Zhi-Hong Accounting supervisor: Chen Tingyu



[Attachment 2]

**Audit Committee Review Report** 

The Board of Directors has prepared and submitted to the Audit Committee the Business

Report, the Company's 2023 Financial Statements (including the Consolidated Financial Statements),

and deficits compensation statement. The 2023 Financial Statements (including the Consolidated

Financial Statements) were audited by CPAs Ching-Chang Chen and Fu-Ming Liao from

PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan, who then issued an audit report based on their review.

We have reviewed the Company's 2023Financial Statements (including Consolidated Financial

Statements), Business Report, and deficits compensation statement and found the contents to be

consistent with the information shared with us. We hereby issue this report pursuant to Article 14 of

the "Securities and Exchange Act" and Article 219 of "the Company Act" of the Republic of China.

Amulaire Thermal Technology, Inc.

The Audit Committee Independent Director:

Hsin-Yi, Chan

February 29, 2024

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### **(Attachment 3)**

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC.

### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying parent company only balance sheets of Amulaire Thermal Technology, Inc. (the "Company") as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related parent company only statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the parent company only financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors (refer to the Other matter section), the accompanying parent company only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the parent company only financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the Company's 2023 parent company only financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the parent company only financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Company's 2023 parent company only financial statements are stated as follows:

### Valuation of inventories

### Description

Refer to Notes 4(11), 5(2) and 6(5) to the financial statements for the details of the Company's accounting policy on inventory valuation, estimates and assumptions and allowance for inventory valuation losses. The Company's inventories constituted a significant portion of total assets, and the industry involves a rapidly changing technology. Since the Company assesses obsolete or slow-moving inventories based on the market demand in future periods, and the determination of net realisable value for obsolete or slow-moving inventories involves subjective judgement resulting in a high degree of estimation uncertainty, we determined the valuation of inventories as a key audit matter.

### How our audit addressed the matter

Our audit procedures performed in the Amulaire Thermal Technology, Inc. and its subsidiaries (recognised as investments accounted for under equity method) on the above key audit matter are as follows:

- Obtained an understanding of the policy on allowance for inventory valuation loss to assess the reasonableness of application.
- Validated the accuracy of the system logic in calculating the ageing of inventories.
- 3. Tested the basis of market value used in calculating the net realizable value of

inventory and validated the accuracy of net realizable value calculation of selected samples.

### Other matter

The financial statements of an investment accounted for under the equity method, Ever Superior Technologies Corporation, for the year ended December 31, 2022 were audited by other auditors. Therefore, our opinion expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in respect of Ever Superior Technologies Corporation, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. The balance of the investment in Ever Superior Technologies Corporation accounted for under the equity method amounted to NT\$33,846 thousand, constituting 1% of the total assets as at December 31, 2022, and the comprehensive loss recognised from associates accounted for under the equity method amounted to (NT\$16,228) thousand, constituting 7% of the total comprehensive loss for the year then ended.

## Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the parent company only financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company only financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the parent company only financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company only financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgement and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only
  financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit
  procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
  appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
  misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud
  may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
  override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company only
  financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the parent company only
  financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that
  achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the parent company only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the parent company only financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about

the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Chen, Ching Chang Liao, Fu-Ming
For and on Behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan
February 29, 2024

The accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

# AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC. BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Dec	cember 31, 2023		aber 31, 2022
	Assets	Notes		AMOUNT	A	MOUNT
	Current assets					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	S	165,908	\$	127,827
1136	Current financial assets at amortised	6(3) and 8				
	cost			10,900		141,394
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(4)		260,012		321,334
1180	Accounts receivable due from related	7				
	parties, net			19,179		7,284
1220	Current tax assets			235		127
130X	Inventory	6(5)		370,818		351,130
1410	Prepayments			27,728		30,236
1460	Non-current assets classified as held	6(6)				
	for sale, net			415,201		12
1479	Other current assets		-	9,604	-	10,162
11XX	Total current assets		37	1,279,585	is	989,494
	Non-current assets					
1550	Investments accounted for using	6(7)				
	equity method			64,490		103,562
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(8) and 8		1,212.823		1,690,990
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(9)		37,254		67,438
1780	Intangible assets			31,743		34,567
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(22)		21,864		14,831
1900	Other non-current assets			12,478	2-	25,648
15XX	Total non-current assets			1,380,652		1,937,036
IXXX	Total assets		s	2,660,237	s	2,926,530

(Continued)

# AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC. BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			De	ecember 31, 2023	December 31, 2022				
	Liabilities and Equity	Liabilities and Equity Notes AM				UNT			
	Liabilities								
	Current liabilities								
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(10)	\$		\$	267,750			
2120	Current financial liabilities at fair	6(2)							
	value through profit or loss					422			
2170	Accounts payable			90,374		36,142			
2200	Other payables	6(11)		165,348		137,290			
2220	Other payables to related parties	7		17,729		837			
2280	Current lease liabilities	6(9)		8,373		11,194			
2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion	6(12)		52,658		38,457			
2399	Other current liabilities			3,097		4,046			
21XX	Total current liabilities			337,579		496,138			
	Non-current liabilities								
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(12)		668,619		947,657			
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(22)		2,689		4.745			
2580	Non-current lease liabilities	6(9)		33,253		61,313			
2600	Other non-current liabilities	6(13)		4,873		6,100			
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			709,434		1,019,815			
2XXX	Total liabilities			1,047,013		1,515,953			
	Equity								
	Share capital	6(15)							
3110	Common stock			1,046,023		896,023			
	Capital surplus	6(16)							
3200	Capital surplus			1,091,996		815,514			
	Retained earnings	6(16)							
3310	Legal reserve			27,581		27,581			
3350	Accumulated deficit		(	552,117) (		329,363			
	Other equity interest								
3400	Other equity interest		(	259)		822			
3XXX	Total equity		-117	1,613,224		1,410,577			
	Commitments and contingent liabilities	9							
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	2,660,237	\$	2,926,530			

# AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC. STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for loss per share)

			-0.	Year ended 1	Decemb	er 31
				2023		2022
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	_	AMOUNT
4000	Operating revenue	6(18) and 7	5	848,743	5	718,734
5000	Operating costs	6(5)	(	841,739)	()	733,348
5900	Gross profit (loss) from operations		1,100	7,004	(	14,614
5910	Unrealized loss from sales				(	24
5920	Realized profit (loss) from sales			24	(	590
5950	Net gross profit (loss) from operations			7,028	(	15,228
	Operating expenses	6(21)		- FORDES		7,000,000
6100	Selling expenses		(	22,144)	(	18.756
6200	General and administrative expenses		(	55,356)	(	80,588
6300	Research and development expenses		(	133,050)	(	150.486)
6450	Expected credit impairment gain	6(4)				
	(loss)			6,034	(	2,884)
6000	Total operating expenses		(	204,516)	(	252,714)
6900	Operating loss		(	197,488)	(	267,942)
	Non-operating income and expenses					
7100	Interest income			4,177		1,909
7010	Other income			12,296		13,223
7020	Other gains and losses	6(19)		7.874		68,995
7050	Finance costs	6(20)	(	21,702)	(	17,823
7070	Share of loss of associates and joint	Company of the Compan		*******		11,1000
100000	ventures accounted for using equity	2000				
	method		1	38 (015)	ī	19,283)
7000	Total non-operating income and		,	20040000		37.1800
20000	expenses		37	35,370)		47,021
7900	Loss before income tax		7	232,858)		220,921)
7950	Income tax benefit	6(22)		9,292		795
8200	Loss for the year	3()	(8	223,566)	15	220.126)
0200	Components of other comprehensive		1.0	423,300	\ <del>*</del>	4407,1407
	income that will not be reclassified to					
	profit or loss					
8311	Gains on remeasurements of defined	8(13)				
0311	benefit plan	0(13)	\$	1.015	S	664
8349	Income tax related to components of	6(22)	- 8	1,015	D.	004
0049	other comprehensive income that	0(22)				
	will not be reclassified to profit or					
	loss		-	203)	7	1331
	Components of other comprehensive		. 7	203)		133)
	income that will be reclassified to					
	profit or loss					
8361	Exchange differences on translation	6/7//7)		1,081)		1,069
8300	Other comprehensive (loss) income	3(7)(1)		1,001)	_	1,009
0300	for the year		7.8	269)	\$	1,600
****	2008.000.000.000		(\$	- Control of the Cont	-	- Calaborowa
8500	Total comprehensive loss for the year		(\$	223,835)	(2	218,526)
	Loss per share (in dollars)	6(23)		270000	o ser	0.200.002
9750	Basic loss per share		(8	2,47)	(2	2.46)
9850	Diluted loss per share		(\$	2.47)	(\$	2.46)
	The state of the s		-			

### AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC. STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Triwan dollars)

Retai

ned earni Capital Capital Reserves Retained earnings ngs Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial Share capital -Advance receipts for Total capital surplus, share capital Notes. common stock additional paid-in capital Capital surplus, others Legal reserve Accumulated deficit statements. Total equity Year ended December 31, 2022 Balance at January 1, 2022 109,768) Loss for the year 220,126) 220,125) Other comprehensive income for the year 531 1,069 1,600 219,595) Total comprehensive income (loss) 1,069 218,526) Compensation cost incurred on 6(14) employee stock options 245 ) Balance at December 31, 2022 896,023 798, 454 27,581 329,363) 1.410.577 17,060 R22 Year ended December 31, 2023 Balance at January 1, 2023 896,023 798, 454 17,060 27,581 329,363) 822 1,410,577 Loss for the year 223,566) 223,566) Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year 812 1,081) 269-) Total comprehensive loss 222,754 ) 1,0815 223,835 ) Issuance of shares 6(15) 150,000 275,869 425.869 Donated assets received 11 11 Compensation cost incurred on 602 employee stock options 602 Balance at December 31, 2023 17,673 27,581 552,117) 1,613,224 1,046,023 1,074,323 259 )

# AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Year ended)	December	5t
	Notes		2023	_	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Loss before tax		0.5	232,858.)	7774	220,921 5
Adjustments		1. 0	2021000	1.00	0.007.704.7
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					
Realized (profit) loss from sales		V.	24 )		590
Unrealized loss from sales			***		24
Depreciation	6(21)		98,936		86,461
Amortization	6(21)		6.592		6,234
Expected credit (gain) loss	6(4)	91	6,034 )		2,884
Net gain on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profi			0,034 3		2,004
loss	N 58 10(2)	- 2	W101 1		12,496 )
		1	619 1	1	
Interest expense			21,702		17,823
Interest income	Columnia.	. (	4,177)	O.	1,909 )
Share-based payments	6(14)		602	16	246 )
Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using	6(7)				
equity method			38,015		19,283
Gain on disposed of property, plant and equipment			53.1	1	56.)
Impairment loss on non-financial assets	6(8)		-		18,542
Gain from lesse modification	6(19)	(	1,383)	10	1.)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities					
Changes in operating assets					
Accounts receivable			67,356		100,736
Accounts receivable due from related parties, net		0	11,895 )	3	3,109 )
Inventory		i i	19,688.)	N.	26,930 )
Prepayments			2,509		27,031
Other current assests			450		8,890
Changes in operating liabilities					
Fusancial habilities at fair value through profit or loss			197		11.732
Accounts payable			54,232		905
Other payables			42,561	4	20,774)
Other correct labilities		70	949 )	.0	730
Other non-current liabilities		2	1,229)	29	845 )
Cash inflow generated from operations			54,243	-	14.578
Interest received			4,177		1,909
Interest paid		1	20,864 )	35	16,769)
Income taxes paid		_	20.00	-	262.)
Net cash flows from (med in) operating activities			37,536	-	544 )
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at amortised cost			130,494		34,388
Acquaition of investments accounted for using equity method	6(7)		100	1	71,652 1
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(24)		11,564.1	1	122,910 )
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			53		.56
Acquisition of intangable assets	6(24)	1	2,040 )	0(	17,753 )
Decrease (nacrease) as other non-current assets			500	1	788 )
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities			117,443	1	178,659 )
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			1707		7000
Decrease in short-term loans	6(25)	76	267,750 )	O.	1,250 )
Proceeds from long-term debt	6(25)		457,538		250,000
Repayments of long-term debt	6(25)	9	722,375 )	9	37,421 )
Payments of lease liabilities	6(25)	0	10,211 )	9	11,049 )
Proceeds from assumce of shares	6(15)		425,869	100	11 (040)
Dogated auert received	0(12)				
		·	115 010	_	200, 200
Net cash flows (med in) from financing activities			116,918)	_	200,280
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			38,061		21,077
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		-	127,827		106,750
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		5	165,908	. 5	127,827

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC.

### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Amulaire Thermal Technology, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors (refer to the Other matter section), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the Group's 2023 consolidated financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's 2023 consolidated financial statements are stated as follows:

### Valuation of inventories

### Description

Refer to Notes 4(12), 5(2) and 6(5) to the financial statements for the details of the Group's accounting policy on inventory valuation, estimates and assumptions and allowance for inventory valuation losses. The Group's inventories constituted a significant portion of total assets, and the industry involves a rapidly changing technology. Since the Group assesses obsolete or slow-moving inventories based on the market demand in future periods, and the determination of net realisable value for obsolete or slow-moving inventories involves subjective judgement resulting in a high degree of estimation uncertainty, we determined the valuation of inventories as a key audit matter.

### How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

- Obtained an understanding of the policy on allowance for inventory valuation loss to assess the reasonableness of application.
- 2. Validated the accuracy of the system logic in calculating the ageing of inventories.
- Tested the basis of market value used in calculating the net realizable value of inventory and validated the accuracy of net realizable value calculation of selected samples.

### Other matter - Reference to the audits of other auditors

The financial statements of an investment accounted for under the equity method, Ever Superior Technologies Corporation, for the year ended December 31, 2022 were audited by other auditors. Therefore, our opinion expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in respect of Ever Superior Technologies Corporation, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. The balance of the investment in Ever Superior Technologies Corporation accounted for under the equity method amounted to NT\$33,846 thousand, constituting 1% of the consolidated total assets as at December 31, 2022, and the comprehensive loss recognised from associates accounted for under the equity method amounted to (NT\$16,228) thousand, constituting 7% of the consolidated total comprehensive loss for the year then ended.

### Other matter - Parent company only financial reports

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion on the parent company only financial statements of Amulaire Thermal Technology, Inc. as at and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

## Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Chen, Ching Chang
Liao, Fu-Ming
For and on Behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan
February 29, 2024

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

# AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Assets	Notes	De	December 31, 2022 AMOUNT				
	Current assets							
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	5	187,937	5	198,867		
1136	Current financial assets at amortised	6(3) and 8						
	cost			10,900		141,394		
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(4)		272,876		322,263		
130X	Inventory	6(5)		376,589		351,197		
1410	Prepayments			27,765		38,497		
1460	Non-current assets classified as held	6(6)						
	for sale, net			415,201		*		
1479	Other current assets			20,043	_	15,075		
11XX	Total current assets			1,311,311		1,067,293		
	Non-current assets							
1550	Investments accounted for using	6(7)						
	equity method			17,339		33,846		
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(8) and 8		1,262,593		1,736,129		
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(9)		37,254		67,438		
1780	Intangible assets			31,743		34,567		
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(22)		21,864		14,831		
1900	Other non-current assets			36,201		30,524		
15XX	Total non-current assets		-	1,407,394		1,917,335		
IXXX	Total assets		\$	2,718,705	5	2.984.628		

(Continued)

# AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			De	cember 31, 2023	December 31, 2022				
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		AMOUNT	-	AMOUNT			
	Liabilities								
	Current liabilities								
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(10)	5	17,308	S	267,750			
2120	Current financial liabilities at fair	6(2)							
	value through profit or loss			58		422			
2170	Accounts payable			90,374		36,142			
2200	Other payables	6(11)		169,826		140,131			
2220	Other payables to related parties	7		17,729		837			
2280	Current lease liabilities	6(9)		8,373		11,194			
2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion	6(12)		52,658		38,457			
2399	Other current liabilities	6(18)	25	3,932	-	4,495			
21XX	Total current liabilities		=	360,200	-5	499,428			
	Non-current liabilities								
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(12)		668,619		947,657			
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(22)		2,689		4,745			
2580	Non-current lease liabilities	6(9)		33,253		61,313			
2600	Other non-current liabilities	6(13)		4,873		6,100			
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			709,434		1,019,815			
2XXX	Total liabilities		-	1,069,634		1,519,243			
	Equity		32	- Edwydiaites		5010500000			
	Share capital	6(15)							
3110	Common shares			1,046,023		896,023			
	Capital surplus	6(16)							
3200	Capital surplus			1,091,996		815,514			
	Retained earnings	6(17)							
3310	Legal reserve			27,581		27,581			
3350	Accumulated deficit		0.0	552,117)	( )	329,363			
	Other equity interest								
3400	Other equity interest		(	259)		822			
31XX	Equity attributable to owners of								
	parent			1,613,224		1,410,577			
36XX	Non-controlling interests	4(3) and 6(24)		35,847		54,808			
3XXX	Total equity		17	1,649,071		1,465,385			
	Commitments and contingent liabilities	9	7						
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	2,718,705	S	2,984,628			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for loss per share)

			_	Year ended December 31 2023 2022							
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	2022 AMOUNT						
			_								
4000	Operating revenue	6(18)	S	883,963 \$	731,236						
5000	Operating costs	6(5)	(	889,935)(							
5900	Gross loss from operations		()	5,972)(	8,653						
	Operating expenses	6(21)									
6100	Selling expenses		(	29,595)(	22,559						
6200	General and administrative										
	expenses		(	73,497)(	92,361						
6300	Research and development										
	expenses		(	134,361)(	150,485						
6450	Expected credit impairment gair	1 6(4)									
	(loss)			6,034 (	2,884						
6000	Total operating expenses		(	231,419)(	268,289						
6900	Operating loss		(	237,391)(	276,942						
	Non-operating income and										
	expenses										
7100	Interest income			4,663	3,207						
7010	Other income			13,326	13,223						
7020	Other gains and losses	6(19)		6,768	68,927						
7050	Finance costs	6(20)	(	21,952)(	17,823						
7060	Share of loss of associates and	6(7)									
	joint ventures accounted for										
	using equity method		(	16,507)(	16,228						
7000	Total non-operating income										
	and expenses		(	13,702)	51,306						
7900	Loss before income tax		(	251,093)(	225,636						
7950	Income tax benefit	6(22)	<u></u>	9,292	795						
8200	Loss for the year		(\$	241,801)(\$	224,841						

(Continued)

# AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for loss per share)

				Year ended Decer	cember 31				
				2023	2022				
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	AMOUNT				
	Other comprehensive income								
	Components of other								
	comprehensive income that will								
	not be reclassified to profit or								
	loss								
8311	Gains on remeasurements of	6(13)							
	defined benefit plans		5	1,015 \$	664				
8349	Income tax related to	6(22)							
	components of other								
	comprehensive income that will								
	not be reclassified to profit or								
	loss		(	203)(	133				
	Components of other								
	comprehensive income that will								
	be reclassified to profit or loss								
8361	Exchange differences on								
	translation		(	1,807)	1,968				
8300	Other comprehensive (loss)								
	income for the year		(\$	995) \$	2,499				
8500	Total comprehensive loss for the								
	year		(\$	242,796)(\$	222,342				
	Loss attributable to:								
8610	Owners of parent		(\$	223,566)(\$	220,126				
8620	Non-controlling interests		(	18,235)(	4,715				
			(\$	241,801)(\$	224,841				
	Comprehensive loss attributable to	83							
8710	Owners of parent		(\$	223,835)(\$	218,526				
8720	Non-controlling interests		0	18,961)(	3,816				
			( \$	242,796)(\$	222,342				
	Loss per share (in dollars)	6(23)							
9750	Basic loss per share		(\$	2.47)(\$	2.46				
9850	Diluted loss per share		(\$	2.47)(\$	2.46				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

			Equity attributable to owners of the parent					s of the	parent									
			Capital I	Reserve	9	_	Reta	ned Ear	mings	- F	Exchange							
	Notes	Notes	Share capital - common stock	Capital surplus, additional paid-in capital		ital surplus, others	Le	gal reserve	Tot	al accumulated deficit	dif tra	ferences on inslation of foreign financial tatements	_	Total		-controlling interests	To	otal equity
Year ended December 31, 2022																		
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$ 896,023	\$ 798,454	8	17,306	5	27,581	(5	109,768)	(3	247)	\$	1,629,349	\$		51	,629,349	
Loss for the year					32			(	220,126)			(	220,126)	(	4,715)	(	224,841)	
Other comprehensive income for the year									531		1,069		1,600		899		2,499	
Total comprehensive income (loss)		- 54		_	100		- 54	0	219,595)		1,069	(	218,526)	(_	3,816)	(	222,342)	
Compensation cost incurred on employee stock options	6(14)			(	246)				- 3			(	246)		-	(	246)	
Changes in non-controlling interests	6(24)							_					-		58,624	-	58,624	
Balance at December 31, 2022		\$ 896,023	\$ 798,454	5	17,060	5	27,581	(5	329,363)	S	822	5	1,410,577	5	54,808	\$1	,465,385	
Year ended December 31, 2023																		
Balance at January 1, 2023		\$ 896,023	\$ 798,454	5	17,060	\$	27,581	(\$	329,363)	S	822	\$	1,410,577	\$	54,808	\$1	,465,385	
Loss for the year					18			(	223,566)		5.25	(	223,566)	(	18,235)	(	241,801)	
Other comprehensive income for the year				_	39	_		_	812	( <u></u>	1,081)	$\subseteq$	269.)	0_	726)	(_	995)	
Total comprehensive income (loss)					14			0	222,754)	(_	1,081)	(_	223,835)	(_	18,961)	(_	242,796)	
Issuance of shares	6(15)	150,000	275,869		100		2.5		22		7.0		425,869		*		425,869	
Donated assets received		15	82		11				15				11		¥3		11	
Compensation cost incurred on employee stock options	6(14)				602			_		_			602	_		_	602	
Balance at December 31, 2023		\$1,046,023	\$ 1,074,323	S	17,673	\$	27,581	(\$	552,117)	(\$	259)	\$	1,613,224	8	35,847	\$1	,649,071	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

### YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Year ended December 31				
	Notes	_=	2023	2022		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Loss before tax		1.5	251.093)	15	225,636)	
Adjustments		( 5	271.093 1		227,030 /	
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)						
Depreciation	6(21)		122,901		87,244	
Amortization	6(21)		6.592		6.234	
Expected credit (gam) loss	6(4)	- (	6.034)		2,884	
Net gam on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through	6(2)	- 30	0,034.7		4,009	
profit or loss	0(0)		619)	100	12,496)	
Interest expense	6(20)		21.952	2	17.823	
Interest moome	0(20)		4,663)	19	3,207)	
Share-based payments	6(14)	-6	602	2	246 )	
Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for	6(7)		502		240 )	
using equity method	0(1)		16.507		16,228	
				530		
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(19)		747	6	56 )	
Impairment loss on non-financial assets			1 406 1	7	18,542	
Gain on lease modification	6(19)	C	1,496)		1)	
Changes in operating assets and habilities						
Changes in operating assets			55,421		101 750	
Accounts receivable		0.000			101,368	
Inventory		(	25,392)	(	24,994)	
Prepayments		1990	10,732		18,803	
Other current assets		C	4,970)		4,118	
Changes in operating liabilities			224000		4.4 944	
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss			197		11,732	
Accounts payable			54,232	35	905	
Other payables			70.510	1	45,202)	
Other current liabilities			563 )	town.	1,151	
Other non-current habilities		(	1,228)	3-	843 )	
Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations			64.335	1	25,649)	
Interest received			4.663	110	3,207	
Interest pand			20,888)	(	16,769)	
Income taxes paid				(	262 )	
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities			48,110	(	39,473)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at amortised cost			130,494		34,388	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(25)		84,266)	6	144,128)	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			101		56	
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(25)		2,040)	(	17,753)	
Decrease (increase) in other non-current assets			2.364	(	3,138)	
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities			46,653	(	130,575)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			van voedi.			
Increase in short-term loans	6(26)		17,308		5.7	
Decrease in short-term loans	6(26)	- (	267,750)	(	1,250)	
Proceeds from long-term debt	6(26)		457.538		250,000	
Repayments of long-term debt	6(26)	(	722.375 )	(	37,421)	
Payments of lease habilities	6(26)	(	15.331 )	6	11,049)	
Proceeds from issuance of shares	6(15)		425,869		4	
Donated assets received			11			
Change in non-controlling interests	6(24)				58,624	
Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities	28/2000	(	104,730 )		258,904	
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash		(	963 )		1,968	
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		7	10,930)		90,824	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		3.50	198,867		108.043	
Cash and cash equivalents at organizing of year  Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			187.937	3	198,867	
Casa and casa equivalents at end of year			107,727	3	170,007	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

## [Attachment 4]

### 2023 Remuneration to Directors

	Director's remuneration			Ratio of total remuneration (A+B+C+D) to		Compensation Received by a Director Who is an Emp Company and/or any Consolidated Entities Salary, bonus					ee of the		Ratio of total compensation		Compensation							
			ration(A) te 1)	Pens	ion (B)	to di	rectors (C) ote 2)	expe	siness nse (D) ote 3)	(A+B+C net in after	come	and sp allowar (Not	pecial nce (E)	Pensi	on (F)	Employee	e comp (G)		ion	(A+B+ (A+B+G)) E+F+G) income a	to net	Paid to Directors from Nonconsolidat
Title	Name	The Company	All Consolidated Entities	The Company	All Consolidated Entities	The Company	All Consolidated Entities	本公司	All Consolidated Entities	The Company	All Consolidated Entities	The Company	All Consolidated Entities	The Company	All Consolidated Entities	The Company	y I	All nsolid Entitie	es	The Company	All Consolidated Entities	ed Affiliates or parent company (Note 5)
		ny	ated	ny	ated	ny	ated		ated	ny	ated	ny	ated	ny	ated	Casii Stoc	ZK Ca	311 51	iock	ny	ated	
Chairperson	Chi-Sheng, Lin		0 (	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0. 00%		0	0	0		0 0	0	0	0	0 0. 00%	0. 00%	N/A
Director	Ta-Lun, Huang		0 (	0	0	0	0	50	50	50 (0. 02%)	50 (0. 02%)	0	0	0		0 0	0	0	0	50 (0. 02%)	50 (0. 02%)	N/A
Director	Pao Yu (II) Investments Co., Ltd. Represented by Zhi-Ren,Hu		0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0 0.00%	0.00%	1,667	1, 667	68	6	8 0	0	0	0	1,736 (0.78%)	1,736 (0.78%)	N/A
Director (Note 12)	Pao Yu (II) Investments Co., Ltd. Represented by Zhi-Hong, Shi		0 (	0	0	0	C	0	0	0 0.00%	0.00%	422	422	14	1	4 0	0	0	0	436 (0. 20%)	436 (0. 20%)	
Director	Sunder Investment. Co., Ltd. Represented by Chao-Li, Huang		0 (	0	0	0	C	60	60	60 (0.03%)	60 (0. 03%)	0	0	0		0 0	0	0	0	(0. 03%)	60 (0. 03%)	N/A
Independent Director	Hsin-Yi, Chan		0 (	0	0	0	C	150	150	150 (0. 07%)	150 (0.07%)	0	0	0		0 0	0	0	0	150 (0. 07%)	150 (0. 07%)	N/A
Independent Director	Shih Han, Huang		0 (	0	0	0	C	150	150	150 (0.07%)	150 (0.07%)	0	0	0		0 0	0	0	0	150 (0.07%)	150 (0. 07%)	N/A
Independent Director (Note 13)	Jin-Hua, Chen		0 (	0	0	0	C	90	90	90 (0.04%)	90 (0. 04%)	0	0	0		0 0	0	0	0	90 (0.04%)	90 (0. 04%)	N/A

Note 1: The names of directors should be separately listed (for corporate shareholders, the name of the corporate shareholder and its representative should be separately listed), distinguishing between ordinary directors and independent directors, and disclosing various remuneration amounts in an aggregated manner. If a director concurrently serves as the general manager or deputy general manager, both this form and the

- following form (3-1) should be completed.
- Note 2: Refers to the remuneration of directors for the year 2023 (including director salaries, position allowances, severance pay, various bonuses, rewards, etc.).
- Note 3: Refers to the remuneration allocated by the board of directors for the most recent fiscal year.
- Note 4: Refers to the relevant business execution expenses of directors for the most recent fiscal year (including transportation expenses, special expenses, various allowances, dormitories, vehicle allocations, etc.).

  When providing housing, cars, and other transportation tools or exclusive personal expenses, disclose the nature and cost of the provided assets, the actual rent or fair market value rent, fuel costs, and other benefits. Additionally, if a driver is provided, please provide a note explaining the company's remuneration to the driver, but do not include it in the remuneration.
- Note 5: Refers to the remuneration received by directors who concurrently serve as employees (including those serving as general managers, deputy general managers, other managers, and employees), including salaries, position allowances, severance pay, various bonuses, rewards, transportation expenses, special expenses, various allowances, dormitories, vehicle allocations, etc. When providing housing, cars, and other transportation tools or exclusive personal expenses, disclose the nature and cost of the provided assets, the actual rent or fair market value rent, fuel costs, and other benefits. Additionally, if a driver is provided, please provide a note explaining the company's remuneration to the driver, but do not include it in the remuneration. Furthermore, in accordance with IFRS 2 "Share-based Payment," salary expenses recognized include the acquisition of employee stock options, restricted stock units, and participation in cash subscription for newly issued shares, etc., should also be included in the remuneration.
- Note 6: Refers to the remuneration received by directors who concurrently serve as employees (including those serving as general managers, deputy general managers, other managers, and employees), including employee compensation (including stocks and cash). The remuneration allocated by the board of directors for the most recent fiscal year should be disclosed, and if it cannot be estimated, it should be calculated based on the proportion of the actual allocation amount from last year. Additionally, schedule 1.3 should be filled out.
- Note 7: The total amount of remuneration paid to directors of this company should be disclosed for all companies (including this company) within the consolidated financial statements.
- Note 8: The total amount of remuneration paid to each director of this company should be disclosed, and the names of directors should be disclosed within the corresponding salary range.
- Note 9: The total amount of remuneration paid to each director of this company should be disclosed for all companies (including this company) within the consolidated financial statements, and the names of directors should be disclosed within the corresponding salary range.
- Note 10: Net income after tax refers to the net income after tax for the most recent fiscal year in the individual or separate financial statements.

#### Note 11:

- a. This column should clearly indicate the amount of remuneration received by company directors from investments outside of subsidiaries or from the parent company (if none, please indicate "N/A").
- b. If company directors receive remuneration from investments outside of subsidiaries or from the parent company, the remuneration received by company directors from investments outside of subsidiaries or from the parent company should be included in column I of the remuneration range table, and the column title should be changed to "Parent Company and All Investments."
- c. Remuneration refers to the compensation, remuneration (including employee, director, and supervisor remuneration), and business execution expenses received by company directors in their capacity as directors, supervisors, or managers of investments outside of subsidiaries or from the parent company.
- Note 12: On November 14, 2023, there was a change in the representative of the corporate director "Bao Yu Second Investment Co., Ltd." from Hu Zhi Ren to Shi Zhi Hong.
- Note 13: On May 25, 2023, an independent director was elected, with Chen Jin Hua serving in the position.
- \*This table discloses remuneration content differently from the concept of income under the Income Tax Act. Therefore, the purpose of this table is for information disclosure only and not for taxation purposes.

# [Attachment 5]

## Amulaire Thermal Technology, Inc.

# **Comparison Table of Amendments to the Board Meeting Rules**

Amended Provisions	Current Provisions	Commentary
Article 3	Article 3	
The first and second paragraphs are omitted.	The first and second paragraphs are omitted.	Considering the significant matters related to the
The matters stipulated in each item of Article 12,	The matters stipulated in each item of Article 12,	company's operations, directors should have
Paragraph 1 of these rules shall be listed in the	Paragraph 1 of these rules shall be listed in the	sufficient information and time to evaluate the
agenda for convening meetings and shall not be	agenda for convening meetings, except in cases of	proposals before making decisions. Therefore, the
proposed by ad hoc motions.	sudden emergencies or legitimate reasons. Ad hoc	items specified in Article 12, paragraph 1, should
	motions shall not be proposed.	be listed in the notice of convocation, and ad hoc
		resolutions should not be proposed except in cases
		of emergencies or legitimate reasons.
Article 8	Article 8	To avoid disputes arising from the uncertainty of
When the board of directors of the company	When the board of directors of the company	prolonged board meetings, it is hereby stipulated
convenes, the finance department should prepare	convenes, the finance department should prepare	that when the number of attendees is insufficient,
relevant documents for the attending directors to	relevant documents for the attending directors to	the chairperson may announce that the meeting
consult at any time.	consult at any time.	will be postponed, with the time limit set until the
		end of the day.
For board meetings, non-director executives may be	For board meetings, non-director executives may	
notified to attend depending on the agenda.	be notified to attend depending on the agenda.	
Additionally, if necessary, accountants, lawyers, or	Additionally, if necessary, accountants, lawyers, or	
other professionals may be invited to attend the	other professionals may be invited to attend the	
meeting, but they should leave the room during	meeting, but they should leave the room during	
discussions and voting.	discussions and voting.	
The chairman of the board should array as the	The sheirman of the board should array so the	
The chairman of the board should announce the	The chairman of the board should announce the	
commencement of the meeting once the scheduled	commencement of the meeting once the scheduled	
time has arrived and a quorum of more than half of	time has arrived and a quorum of more than half	
the directors is present.	of the directors is present.	

Amended Provisions	Current Provisions	Commentary
If half of the directors are not present at the	If half of the directors are not present at the	
scheduled meeting time, the chairperson may	scheduled meeting time, the chairperson may	
announce a postponement of the meeting on the	announce a postponement of the meeting. The	
same day. The postponement may occur twice, with	postponement may occur twice, with the total	
the total delayed time not exceeding one hour. If the	delayed time not exceeding one hour. If the	
quorum is still not met after the second	quorum is still not met after the second	
postponement, the chairperson should reconvene	postponement, the chairperson should reconvene	
the meeting in accordance with the procedure	the meeting in accordance with the procedure	
specified in Article 3, Section 2.	specified in Article 3, Section 2.	
The term "all directors" as mentioned in the	The term "all directors" as mentioned in the	
preceding clause and Article 16, Section 2, Item 2	preceding clause and Article 16, Section 2, Item 2	
shall be calculated based on the actual incumbents.	shall be calculated based on the actual	
	incumbents.	
Article 11	Article 11	Considering practical needs, in the event that the
The board of directors of the company shall conduct	The board of directors of the company shall	chairperson is unable to preside over the board
its proceedings according to the agenda set forth in	conduct its proceedings according to the agenda	meeting or fails to adjourn the meeting as
the meeting notice. However, such agenda may be	set forth in the meeting notice. However, such	required, to avoid disrupting the operation of the
amended with the consent of the majority of the	agenda may be amended with the consent of the	board, a new provision is added as follows:
attending directors.	majority of the attending directors.	
		Fourthly, when the chairperson is unable to preside
The agenda as set forth and any ad hoc motions	The agenda as set forth and any ad hoc motions	over the meeting due to unforeseen circumstances
may not be adjourned by the chairperson without	may not be adjourned by the chairperson without	or fails to adjourn the meeting as stipulated, the
the consent of the majority of the attending	the consent of the majority of the attending	appointment of a proxy shall follow the provisions
directors.	directors.	of Article Ten, Paragraph Three. The vice
		chairperson shall act as the proxy if available; in
During the proceedings of the board meeting, if the	During the proceedings of the board meeting, if	the absence of a vice chairperson or if the vice
number of directors present does not constitute a	the number of directors present does not constitute	chairperson is also absent or unable to fulfill their
majority, upon proposal by a director present, the	a majority, upon proposal by a director present,	duties, the chairperson shall designate one
chairperson shall announce a temporary	the chairperson shall announce a temporary	managing director as the proxy. In the absence of
adjournment of the meeting and apply the	adjournment of the meeting and apply the	managing directors, one director shall be
provisions of Article Eight, Paragraph Five	provisions of Article Eight, Paragraph Five	designated as the proxy. If the chairperson fails to

Amended Provisions	<b>Current Provisions</b>	Commentary
accordingly.	accordingly.	designate a proxy, the managing directors or
During the course of the board meeting, if the		directors shall mutually recommend one person to
chairperson is unable to preside over the meeting		act as the proxy.
due to unforeseen circumstances or fails to adjourn		
the meeting in accordance with the provisions of the		
second paragraph, the appointment of a proxy shall		
be made in accordance with the provisions of		
Article Seven, Paragraph Three.		
Article 12	Article 12	According to the Company Law, the appointment
The following matters shall be discussed at the	The following matters shall be discussed at the	of the chairman of the board should be decided by
board meeting of the Company:	board meeting of the Company:	the board of directors or the executive committee,
Items one through five are omitted.	Items one through five are omitted.	and their removal should also be decided by the
		same body that appointed them. Given that the
6.The appointment or dismissal of the Chairman of		removal and appointment of the chairman are
the Board.		equally significant matters for the company, it is
7. The appointment or dismissal of the financial,	6. The appointment or dismissal of the financial,	specified that the appointment or removal of the
accounting, or internal audit executives.	accounting, or internal audit executives.	chairman should be discussed at the board of
8. Donations to related parties or significant	1	directors or executive committee meeting.
donations to non-related parties. However, for	donations to non-related parties. However, for	
donations of a charitable nature for urgent relief	donations of a charitable nature for urgent relief	
from major natural disasters, approval may be	from major natural disasters, approval may be	
sought at the next board meeting.	sought at the next board meeting.	
9. Other significant matters required to be resolved	1	
by the shareholders' meeting or the board of	by the shareholders' meeting or the board of	
directors according to laws, regulations, or the	directors according to laws, regulations, or the	
articles of incorporation, or as prescribed by the	articles of incorporation, or as prescribed by the	
competent authority under the Securities and	competent authority under the Securities and	
Exchange Act.	Exchange Act.	
The term "related parties" referred to in	<u> </u>	
subparagraph_8 above refers to related parties as	subparagraph 7-above refers to related parties as	
defined in the financial reporting standards for	defined in the financial reporting standards for	
issuers of securities; the term "significant donations	issuers of securities; the term "significant	

Amended Provisions	Current Provisions	Commentary
to non-related parties" refers to donations where the	donations to non-related parties" refers to	
amount of each donation or the cumulative amount	donations where the amount of each donation or	
to the same recipient within one year exceeds	the cumulative amount to the same recipient	
NT\$100 million, or exceeds one percent of the net	within one year exceeds NT\$100 million, or	
operating income or five percent of the paid-in	exceeds one percent of the net operating income	
capital as certified by the auditor in the most recent	or five percent of the paid-in capital as certified by	
fiscal year.	the auditor in the most recent fiscal year	
The following is omitted.	The following is omitted.	
Article 19	Article 19	The dates of amendment are added.
These rules were established on May 28, 2015.	These rules were established on May 28, 2015.	
The first amendment to these rules was made on	The first amendment to these rules was made on	
April 7, 2016.	April 7, 2016.	
The second amendment to these rules was made on	The second amendment to these rules was made	
October 25, 2017.	on October 25, 2017.	
The third amendment to these rules was made on	The third amendment to these rules was made on	
March 5, 2020.	March 5, 2020.	
The fourth amendment to these rules was made on	The fourth amendment to these rules was made on	
November 5, 2020.	November 5, 2020.	
The fifth amendment to these rules was made on	The fifth amendment to these rules was made on	
March 1, 2023.	March 1, 2023.	
The sixth amendment to these rules was made on		
<u>February 29, 2024.</u>		

# [Attachment 6]

# **Implementation Status of Operational Plan**

Unit: Thousand New Taiwan Dollars

112Q4	Actual Achievement	Projected Figure	Difference	Difference %	Explanation of Reasons
Operating revenue	883,963	939,431	-55,468		The actual operating income for this fiscal year is lower than the projected figure mainly due to a decrease in demand in the end-market, resulting in lower-than-expected shipment volumes for our key products.
Operating costs	889,935	897,645	-7,710	-1%	The actual operating costs for this fiscal year do not differ significantly from the projected figures.
Gross profit(loss) from operating	-5,972	41,786	-47,758	-114%	The actual operating gross profit for the current year is lower than the forecasted figure. Please provide the details of the gross profit margin analysis for further explanation.
Gross (Loss) Profit Margin	-0.68%	4.45%	-5.12%		The actual gross profit margin was lower than expected mainly due to the following reasons:  1.Reduced business income resulted in unfavorable capacity utilization, leading to a decrease in the company's gross profit margin.  2.Adverse factors such as production efficiency, exchange rates, and raw material prices led to a decrease in the company's gross profit margin.
Operating expenses	231,419	201,534	29,885	15%	The actual operating expenses for the current year were higher than expected, primarily due to increased expenses related to new product development and collaboration fees associated with government-funded projects. Additionally, there was an increase in material usage fees compared to the forecast. Furthermore, the early termination of the lease contract for the 9th floor at the Linkou headquarters resulted in a one-time realization of depreciation expenses.
Operating loss	-237,391	-159,748	-77,643	-49%	Please refer to the explanations provided for each of the aforementioned items.
Non-operating income and expenses	-13,702	60,328	-74,030		The actual non-operating income for the current year is lower than the forecasted amount, primarily due to the absence of actual profits from the sale of the Gongguan Plant II.
Net Loss After Tax	-241,801	-95,667	-146,134		The actual net loss after tax for the current year is higher than the forecasted amount, primarily due to the lower-than-expected operating gross profit.

# [Attachment 7]

## **List of Director Candidates**

	List of Direct		
	Chi-Sheng, Lin	Pao Yu (II)	Pao Yu (II)
Name		Investments Co., Ltd.	Investments Co., Ltd.
1 vanie		Represented by	Represented by
		Zhi-Hong, Shi	Qi-Zhang, Chen
	• EMBA, College of	<ul><li>Master of</li></ul>	<ul><li>Aletheia University</li></ul>
	Management, National Taiwan	Business	
	University	Administration	
	<ul> <li>Business Administration,</li> </ul>	from the College	
	School of Management	of Management,	
Education	Development, Feng Chia	National Taiwan	
Laucation	University	University	
	<ul> <li>Bachelor of Engineering,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Master's degree in</li> </ul>	
	Department of Land	Chemical	
	Management, Feng Chia	Engineering from	
	University	National Cheng	
		Kung University.	
	• General manager of King Net	• R & D manager	• Director of
Experience	Information Technology Co.,	of AUO	Intelligene Inc.
	Ltd	Corporation	
	Chairman of Amulaire	Vice President of	Chairman of First
	Thermal Technology,Inc.	Amulaire	Energy Co.,Ltd.
	Chairman of Pao-Yu	Thermal	<ul> <li>Director of Ate</li> </ul>
	Investments Limited	Technology,Inc.	Energy
	• Chairman of Pao Yu (II)	• Director of	International
	Investments Co., Ltd.	Buwon Precision	Co.Ltd.
Current	• Chairman of Hwashing	Sciences Co., Ltd.	<ul> <li>Supervisor of</li> </ul>
Position	Company		YMC TAIWAN
	• Chairman of Buwon Precision		Co., Ltd.
	Sciences Co., Ltd.		
	Director of Zhejiang Amulaire		
	Technology Co., Ltd.		
	Chairman of Ever Superior		
G1 11 11	Technologies Corporation		
Shares Held	2 440 002	6.000.045	6 000 01 <b>5</b>
by	3,668,082	6,830,817	6,830,817
Corporation			

## **List of Director Candidates**

	Sunder Investment. Co., Ltd.
Name	Represented by
	Chao-Li, Huang
	<ul> <li>Master of Business Administration, School of Management Development,</li> </ul>
Education	Feng Chia University
	<ul> <li>Department of Economics, Feng Chia University</li> </ul>
Experience	<ul> <li>Vice President of Wealth Management &amp; Trust Department, Mega Securities</li> </ul>
Experience	<ul> <li>Head of PRESIDENT SECURITIES CORPORATION Wealth</li> </ul>
	The CEO and directors of MERRY ELECTRONICS CO., LTD
	Chairman of Sunder Investment. Co., Ltd.
	Corporate Director of Max
	Director of Amulaire Thermal Technology, Inc.
	<ul> <li>Director of Leohab Enterprise Co., Ltd.</li> </ul>
	Supervisor of Lasding Jet Turbine Co., Ltd.
	CEO & Director of Merry Electronics (U.S.A) Co., Ltd
	<ul> <li>Director of Merry Electronics (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.</li> </ul>
	Representive & Director of Merry Electronics (Thailand) Co., Ltd
	Supervisor of Merry Electronics (ShangHai) Co., Ltd
	<ul> <li>Director of Austar Hearing Science And Technology (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.</li> </ul>
Current	<ul> <li>Director of Danny Dynamics Limited.</li> </ul>
Position	<ul> <li>Director of ERRÝTĚCH(HK) CO.LIMITED.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Director of MERRY &amp; LUXSHARE (VIETNAM) CO.,LTD.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Director of Fulicare Co., Ltd.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Executive Director of Xiamen Etimbre Hearing Technology Co., Ltd.</li> </ul>
	Executive Director and President of Fulicare Medical Technology
	• (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.
	Director of Merry Fuling Co., Ltd.
	Chairman of MUtek Electronics Co.,Ltd.
	Chairman of Capital Inc.(MCTT)
	<ul> <li>Director of MERRY ELECTRONICS (SINGAPORE) PTE LTD.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Director of MERRY HEALTHCARE CO., LTD.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Supervisor of WK Technology Fund IX II Ltd.</li> </ul>
Shares Held	
by	593,774
Corporation	

# [Attachment 8]

**List of Nominated Independent Director Candidates** 

		ed Independent Dire	
Name	Wen-Hsin, Lo	Yun-Shan, Lin	Jin-hua, Chen
Education	<ul> <li>Master of Accounting, Feng Chia University</li> <li>Bachelor of Applied Foreign Languages, Overseas Chinese University of Technology</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Master of Business Administration (MBA), University of East Anglia</li> <li>Master of Accounting, Feng Chia University</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Feng Chia University -EMBA</li> <li>Feng Chia University</li> <li>-Department of Statistics</li> </ul>
Experience	<ul> <li>Moore Stephens         DaHua (Taiwan)         CPAs , Director of         Taichung Office</li> <li>Deputy Manager,         Audit Department,         EnWise CPAs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>CPA at Jiazhong Partners         Accounting Firm     </li> <li>Project Manager at BDO Taiwan.</li> <li>Cost accounting deputy manager at Formica Taiwan Corporation</li> <li>Audit deputy manager at Deloitte.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Director of National Taxation Bureau of the Central Area. Ministry of Finance Fengyuan Branch</li> <li>Director of National Taxation Bureau of the Central Area. Ministry of Finance Yunlin Branch</li> <li>Senior Auditor and Acting Chief, National Taxation Bureau of the Central Area. Ministry of Finance Mincyuan Office</li> <li>Senior Auditor, Chief Secretary, National Taxation Bureau of the Central Area. Ministry of Finance</li> <li>Acting Chief of First Examination Division, Senior Auditor and Chief National Taxation Bureau of the Central Area. Ministry of Finance</li> <li>Chief, Datun Office National Taxation Bureau of the Central Area. Ministry of Finance</li> <li>Chief, Datun Office, National Taxation Bureau of the Central Area. Ministry of Finance</li> <li>Chief, Jhunan Office, National Taxation Bureau of the Central Area. Ministry of Finance</li> </ul>
Current Position	<ul> <li>Independent director of Neith Corporation</li> <li>Partner Accountant at EnWise CPAs, Changhua Branch</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Independent director of Tradetool Auto Co., Ltd.</li> <li>Partner Accountant at EnWise CPAs, Changhua Branch</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Independent director of TAN DE TECH CO., LTD.</li> <li>Independent director of Neith Corporation</li> </ul>
Shares Held by Corporation	0	0	0

# [Attachment 9]

## AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC.

## Comparison Table of Articles Before and After the Amendment of the Articles of Association

Amended Provisions	Current Provisions	Commentary
Article 9  1.Regular shareholders' meetings shall be convened by the Board of Directors at least once a year, within six months after the end of each fiscal year, in accordance with the law.  2.Extraordinary shareholders' meetings shall be convened when necessary in accordance with relevant laws and regulations.  3.Shareholders' meetings may be conducted via video conferencing or by means as announced by the competent authority.  Our company's video conference shareholders' meetings are divided into the following two types:  1.Video-Assisted Shareholders' Meetings (held as physical meetings with video assistance): These meetings are conducted upon resolution by the Board of Directors.  2.Virtual Shareholders' Meetings (conducted solely via video without a physical meeting): These meetings are conducted upon resolution by the Board of Directors and require a decision by two-thirds or more of the directors present at the meeting and with the consent of the majority of attending directors.	Article 9 The Company's shareholders' meetings are divided into the following two types:  1.Regular shareholders' meetings shall be convened by the Board of Directors at least once a year, within six months after the end of each fiscal year, in accordance with the law.  2.Extraordinary shareholders' meetings shall be convened when necessary in accordance with relevant laws and regulations.  3.Shareholders' meetings may be conducted via video conferencing or by means as announced by the competent authority.	In accordance with the provisions amended pursuant to the Financial Supervisory Commission's Order No. 1120380899 on March 6, 2023.
Article 16 The Board of Directors shall be constituted by the attendance of two-thirds or more of the directors, and the mutual election of one person as the chairman of the board with the consent of more than half of the attending directors. Additionally, it may mutually elect one person as the vice-chairman following the	Article 16 The Board of Directors shall be chaired by a person elected by a two-thirds majority of the directors present, and with the consent of the majority of the attending directors. The chairman represents the company externally.	Addition of the appointment method for Vice Chairman.

Amended Provisions	<b>Current Provisions</b>	Commentary
same procedure.		•
Article 18 The Chairman serves as the President of the Shareholders' Meeting and the Board of Directors internally, and represents the company externally. They execute all company affairs in accordance with laws, regulations, and resolutions of the Shareholders' Meeting and the Board of Directors. In case the Chairman is absent or unable to perform their duties, the Vice Chairman shall act as the proxy. If there is no Vice Chairman or the Vice Chairman is also absent or unable to perform their duties, the Chairman shall designate one director to act as the proxy. If the Chairman does not designate a proxy, the directors shall collectively select one to act as the proxy. Directors are required to attend board meetings in person. If a director is unable to attend, they may appoint another director	Article 18 The Chairman serves as the presiding officer of the Board of Directors. In the event that the Chairman is absent or unable to fulfill their duties for any reason, one director designated by the Chairman shall act as the proxy. If the Chairman does not designate a proxy, the directors shall collectively select one to act as the proxy. Directors are required to attend board meetings in person. If a director is unable to attend, they may appoint another director as their proxy, limited to representing only one director.	Addition of the duties of the Chairman and Vice Chairman.
as their proxy, limited to representing only one director.  The Board of Directors may conduct meetings via video conference. Directors who participate in the meeting via video conferencing are deemed to be present in person.	The Board of Directors may conduct meetings via video conference. Directors who participate in the meeting via video conferencing are deemed to be present in person.	
Article 30 This charter was established on June 17, 2011. First amendment on May 31, 2012. Second amendment on October 16, 2014. Third amendment on May 28, 2015. Fourth amendment on September 30, 2015. Fifth amendment on June 30, 2016. Sixth amendment on June 14, 2018. Seventh amendment on June 13, 2019. Eighth amendment on July 15, 2021. Ninth amendment on May 26, 2022. Tenth amendment on May 23, 2024.	Article 30 This charter was established on June 17, 2011. First amendment on May 31, 2012. Second amendment on October 16, 2014. Third amendment on May 28, 2015. Fourth amendment on September 30, 2015. Fifth amendment on June 30, 2016. Sixth amendment on June 14, 2018. Seventh amendment on June 13, 2019. Eighth amendment on July 15, 2021. Ninth amendment on May 26, 2022.	The dates of amendment are added.

# [Attachment 10]

## AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC.

## Comparison Table of Articles Before and After the Amendment of the Shareholders' Meeting Rules

Amended Provisions	Current Provisions	Commentary
Article 3	Article 3	
Unless otherwise stipulated by laws, the company's	Unless otherwise stipulated by laws, the company's	Compliant with legal
shareholder meetings shall be convened by the board of	shareholder meetings shall be convened by the board of	amendments.
directors.	directors.	
The company shall convene a shareholder meeting via video		
conference, except where otherwise specified by the		
regulations of publicly traded companies regarding stock		
affairs. This procedure should be stipulated in the articles of		
association, decided upon by the board of directors, and		
carried out based on a resolution of the board of directors with		
the presence of two-thirds or more of the directors and the		
consent of the majority of the attending directors for the video		
shareholder meeting.		
Any changes to the method of convening the company's	Any changes to the method of convening the company's	
shareholder meetings shall be decided by the board of	shareholder meetings shall be decided by the board of	
directors and implemented no later than the dispatch of the	directors and implemented no later than the dispatch of the	
meeting notice. The company shall, thirty days before the	meeting notice. The company shall, thirty days before the	
annual shareholder meeting or fifteen days before any	annual shareholder meeting or fifteen days before any	
extraordinary shareholder meeting, transmit electronically to	extraordinary shareholder meeting, transmit electronically to	
the public information website the meeting notice, proxy	the public information website the meeting notice, proxy	
forms, relevant proposals for recognition, discussion, election	forms, relevant proposals for recognition, discussion, election	
or dismissal of directors, and explanatory materials.	or dismissal of directors, and explanatory materials.	
Additionally, twenty-one days before the annual shareholder meeting or fifteen days before any extraordinary shareholder	Additionally, twenty-one days before the annual shareholder	
meeting of fifteen days before any extraordinary shareholder meeting, the company shall transmit electronically to the	meeting or fifteen days before any extraordinary shareholder meeting, the company shall transmit electronically to the	
public information website the meeting agenda and	public information website the meeting agenda and	
supplementary materials. Fifteen days before the shareholder	supplementary materials. Fifteen days before the shareholder	
meeting, the meeting agenda and supplementary materials	meeting, the meeting agenda and supplementary materials	
shall be prepared and made available for shareholders to	shall be prepared and made available for shareholders to	

Amended Provisions	Current Provisions	Commentary
access at any time, and shall be displayed at the company's		
premises and the professional shareholder service agency	premises and the professional shareholder service agency	
appointed by the company.	appointed by the company, and shall be distributed on-site at	
The agenda and supplementary materials for the	the shareholder meeting.	
aforementioned matters shall be provided to shareholders for		
reference by the company on the day of the shareholder		
meeting in the following manner:		
1.When convening a physical shareholder meeting, they shall		
be distributed at the venue of the meeting.		
2. When convening a video-assisted shareholder meeting, they		
shall be distributed at the venue of the meeting and		
transmitted as electronic files to the video conference		
platform.		
3.When convening a video shareholder meeting, they shall be		
transmitted as electronic files to the video conference		
<u>platform.</u>		
Notification and announcements shall specify the reasons for		
the convening; electronic means may be used with the consent		
of the parties involved.	of the parties involved.	
Regarding the election or dismissal of directors, amendments		
to the articles of association, capital reduction, application for	to the articles of association, capital reduction, application for	
suspension of public issuance, director's concurrent business	suspension of public issuance, director's concurrent business	
permits, surplus capital increase, reserve capital increase,	permits, surplus capital increase, reserve capital increase,	
company dissolution, mergers, splits, or matters under Article		
185, Paragraph 1 of the Company Act, Article 26-1 and Article		
43-6 of the Securities Exchange Act, Article 56-1 and Article		
62-2 of the Guidelines for the Handling of Issuers' Solicitation		
and Issuance of Securities, the agenda should enumerate and	and Issuance of Securities, the agenda should enumerate and	
explain their main content, and they cannot be proposed as ad	explain their main content, and they cannot be proposed as ad	
hoc motions.	hoc motions.	
(The following omitted)	(The following omitted)	

Amended Provisions	Current Provisions	Commentary
Article 4 Shareholders may issue a proxy form issued by the company for each shareholder meeting, specifying the scope of authorization, the proxy, and attend the shareholder meeting. Each shareholder may issue only one proxy form and appoint only one proxy, which should be delivered to the company no later than five days before the shareholder meeting. In case of multiple proxy forms, the one received first shall prevail, except for those that explicitly revoke previous proxies.	Article 4 Shareholders may issue a proxy form issued by the company for each shareholder meeting, specifying the scope of authorization, the proxy, and attend the shareholder meeting. Each shareholder may issue only one proxy form and appoint only one proxy, which should be delivered to the company no later than five days before the shareholder meeting. In case of multiple proxy forms, the one received first shall prevail, except for those that explicitly revoke previous proxies.	Compliant with legal amendments.
After the power of attorney has been submitted to the company, if a shareholder wishes to attend the shareholders' meeting in person or wishes to exercise voting rights in writing or electronically, they should provide written notice to the company to revoke the power of attorney at least two days before the meeting. If the revocation is made after the deadline, the authority granted to the proxy shall prevail for exercising the voting rights.	After delivering the proxy form to the company, if a shareholder wishes to attend the shareholder meeting in person or exercise voting rights in writing or electronically, they must notify the company in writing of the revocation of the proxy no later than two days before the shareholder meeting. Failure to revoke on time will result in the proxy exercising the voting rights on behalf of the shareholder.	
After delivering the proxy form to the company, if a shareholder wishes to attend the shareholder meeting via video conferencing, they must notify the company in writing of the revocation of the proxy no later than two days before the shareholder meeting. Failure to revoke on time will result in the proxy exercising the voting rights on behalf of the shareholder.	After delivering the proxy form to the company, if a shareholder wishes to attend the shareholder meeting via video conferencing, they must notify the company in writing of the revocation of the proxy no later than two days before the shareholder meeting. Failure to revoke on time will result in the proxy exercising the voting rights on behalf of the shareholder.	
Article 5 The location for convening shareholder meetings should be either at the company's registered office or at a location convenient for shareholders to attend and suitable for holding the meeting. The meeting start time shall not be earlier than	Article 5 The location for convening shareholder meetings should be either at the company's registered office or at a location convenient for shareholders to attend and suitable for holding the meeting. The meeting start time shall not be earlier than	Compliant with legal amendments.

Amended Provisions	Current Provisions	Commentary
9:00 AM or later than 3:00 PM, and the choice of venue and	9:00 AM or later than 3:00 PM, and the choice of venue and	•
time shall take into full consideration the opinions of	time shall take into full consideration the opinions of	
independent directors.	independent directors.	
When the company convenes a virtual shareholder meeting, it		
is not bound by the aforementioned location restrictions.	is not bound by the aforementioned location restrictions.	
The company shall specify in the meeting notice the time and	The company shall specify in the meeting notice the time and	
place for shareholders, proxies, and agents (hereinafter	place for shareholders, proxies, and agents (hereinafter	
referred to as "shareholders") to register, the location of the	referred to as "shareholders") to register, the location of the	
registration, and any other matters that require attention. For	registration, and any other matters that require attention. For	
shareholder meetings conducted via video conference, the	shareholder meetings conducted via video conference, the	
notice should include information on how shareholders can	notice should include information on how shareholders can	
participate and exercise their rights, the procedure for	participate and exercise their rights, the procedure for	
handling obstacles due to force majeure events that may	handling obstacles due to force majeure events that may	
hinder participation or access to the video conference	hinder participation or access to the video conference	
platform, and any instructions regarding postponement or	platform, and any instructions regarding postponement or	
continuation of the meeting. If a virtual shareholder meeting	continuation of the meeting. If a virtual shareholder meeting is	
is convened, appropriate alternative measures for shareholders	convened, appropriate alternative measures for shareholders	
who encounter difficulties in participating via video	who encounter difficulties in participating via video	
conference should also be provided. The registration time for shareholders mentioned above shall be at least thirty minutes	conference should also be provided. The registration time for shareholders mentioned above shall be at least thirty minutes	
before the meeting starts, and the registration location shall be	before the meeting starts, and the registration location shall be	
clearly marked with adequate personnel assigned to handle it.	clearly marked with adequate personnel assigned to handle it.	
For videoconference shareholders' meetings, shareholders	clearly marked with adequate personner assigned to handle it.	
should check in on the videoconference platform at least thirty		
minutes before the meeting starts. Shareholders who have		
completed the check-in process are considered as personally		
attending the shareholders' meeting.		
Article 6-1		Compliant with newl
When the company convenes a videoconference		enacted laws.
shareholders' meeting, the notice of the shareholders'		
meeting shall specify the following matters:		
1.Methods for shareholders to participate in the		
videoconference and exercise their rights.		
2. Handling procedures in case of obstacles to the		
videoconference platform or participation via		

Amended Provisions	<b>Current Provisions</b>	Commentary
videoconference due to natural disasters, emergencies,		•
or other force majeure circumstances, including at least		
the following:		
(a) If obstacles occur before the meeting and persist		
such that the meeting needs to be postponed or		
continued, the time for postponement or continuation of		
the meeting and the date for the postponed or continued		
meeting.		
(b) Shareholders who did not register to participate in		
the original shareholders' meeting via videoconference		
may not participate in the postponed or continued		
meeting.		
(c) In the case of convening a video-assisted		
shareholders' meeting, if the videoconference cannot		
continue, the meeting shall proceed if the total		
shareholding attendance meets the statutory quorum		
required for the meeting after deducting the attendance		
via videoconference. Shareholders participating via		
videoconference shall have their attendance counted		
towards the total shareholder attendance, and they shall		
be deemed to have abstained from voting on all agenda		
items for that shareholders' meeting.		
(d) Procedures in the event that all agenda items have		
been announced without conducting any ad hoc		
motions.		
3. When convening a videoconference shareholders'		
meeting, appropriate alternative measures provided to		
shareholders who have difficulty participating via		
videoconference shall be specified. Except for		
circumstances specified in Article 44-9(6) of the		
Guidelines for Handling Corporate Affairs of Publicly		
Issued Companies, at least connection equipment and		
necessary assistance shall be provided to shareholders,		
and the period during which shareholders can apply to		
the company and other relevant matters to be noted		
shall be specified.		

<b>Amended Provisions</b>	<b>Current Provisions</b>	Commentary	7
Article7 If the shareholder meeting is convened by the board of directors, The same applies if the chairman or proxy is a representative of a legal entity director.  For shareholder meetings convened by the board of directors, the chairman should personally preside over the meeting, and it is advisable to have at least one representative from the majority of the board of directors and each type of functional committee present.  Attendance should be recorded in the minutes of the shareholder meeting.  If the shareholder meeting is convened by a person other than the board of directors, the chairman shall be the convenor, and if there are two or more convenors, they shall nominate one person among themselves to act as the chairman.  The company may appoint its appointed lawyers, accountants, or relevant personnel to attend the	Article7 If the shareholder meeting is convened by the board of directors,The same applies if the chairman or proxy is a representative of a legal entity director.	Compliant with amendments.	legal
Article8 The company shall record in audio and video without interruption the entire process of shareholder registration, the proceedings of the meeting, and the voting and vote counting processes from the start of shareholder registration. These audio and video recordings should be retained for at least one year. However, if a lawsuit is filed by shareholders under Article 189 of the Company Act, the recordings should be kept until the conclusion of the lawsuit. For shareholder meetings conducted via video conference, the company shall record and retain data on shareholder registration, attendance, check-in, questioning, voting, and company vote counting results.	Article8 The company shall—install surveillance cameras at the entrance where shareholders register their attendance, and the entire process of the shareholder meeting shall be recorded in audio and video. The video recordings should be retained for at least one year. However, if a lawsuit is filed by shareholders under Article 189 of the Company Act, the recordings should be kept until the conclusion of the lawsuit.  For shareholder meetings conducted via video conference, the company shall record and retain data on shareholder registration, attendance, check-in,	Compliant with amendments.	legal

Amended Provisions	Current Provisions	Commentary	
The entire video conference session shall be recorded continuously and without interruption.  The company shall properly preserve the aforementioned data, audio recordings, and video recordings during their retention period and provide the audio and video recordings to the appointed party responsible for handling video conference affairs for safekeeping.  For shareholder meetings conducted via video conferencing, it is advisable for the company to record the operation interface of the video conference platform.		Commentary	
Article 10  If the shareholder meeting is convened by the board of directors, its agenda shall be determined by the board of directors., and all relevant motions (including ad hoc motions and amendments to original motions) shall be voted on separately. The meeting should proceed according to the established agenda, which shall not be changed without the decision of the shareholder meeting.  If the shareholder meeting is convened by a person other than the board of directors, appropriate voting time shall be arranged.	Article 10 If the shareholder meeting is convened by the board of directors, the agenda shall be determined by the board of directors, and relevant proposals shall be subject to a vote. The meeting shall proceed according to the predetermined agenda, which shall not be altered without the consent of the shareholder meeting.  If the shareholder meeting is convened by a person other than the board of directors, appropriate voting time shall be arranged.	Compliant with amendments.	legal
Article 11 Before shareholders speak, After shareholders speak, the chairman may personally respond or designate relevant personnel to respond.  Questions raised in accordance with the rules or within the scope of the agenda should be disclosed on the shareholder meeting's video conferencing platform for public awareness.	Article 11 Before shareholders speak, After shareholders speak, the chairman may personally respond or designate relevant personnel to respond.	Compliant with amendments.	legal
Article 13 Each shareholder shall have one voting right per share;	Article 13 Each shareholder shall have one voting right per share;	Compliant with amendments.	legal

Amended Provisions	Current Provisions	Commentary
However, this restriction does not apply to declarations	However, this restriction does not apply to declarations	
of withdrawal of previous expressions of intent.	of withdrawal of previous expressions of intent.	
If a shareholder who has exercised voting rights in writing or electronically wishes to attend the shareholder meeting in person or via video conference, they must withdraw their previous expression of intent in the same manner no later than two days before the shareholder meeting. Failure to withdraw within the specified period shall result in the voting rights exercised in writing or electronically prevailing. If a shareholder exercises voting rights in writing or electronically and authorizes a proxy to attend the shareholder meeting, the voting rights exercised by the proxy attending the meeting shall prevail.	If a shareholder who has exercised voting rights in writing or electronically wishes to attend the shareholder meeting in person or via video conference, they must withdraw their previous expression of intent in the same manner no later than two days before the shareholder meeting. Failure to withdraw within the specified period shall result in the voting rights exercised in writing or electronically prevailing. If a shareholder exercises voting rights in writing or electronically and authorizes a proxy to attend the shareholder meeting, the voting rights exercised by the proxy attending the meeting shall prevail.	
For voting on proposals, unless otherwise specified by the Company Act or the company's articles of incorporation, approval shall be obtained with the consent of more than half of the voting rights of the attending shareholders. During voting, the total voting rights of the attending shareholders shall be announced by the chairman or a designated person. Shareholders shall then proceed with voting, and the results of their consent, objection, and abstention shall be entered into the Taiwan Stock Exchange's public information system on the same day as the shareholder meeting is held.	For voting on proposals, unless otherwise specified by the Company Act or the company's articles of incorporation, approval shall be obtained with the consent of more than half of the voting rights of the attending shareholders. During the voting, the total voting rights of the attending shareholders shall be announced by the chairperson or a designated person.	
When there are amendments or alternative proposals for the same proposal, the chairperson shall determine the order of voting together with the original proposal. If one of the proposals has already been passed, the other proposals shall be considered as rejected and need not be voted on again.  The scrutineers and vote counters for voting on proposals shall be appointed by the chairperson, but the	When there are amendments or alternative proposals for the same proposal, the chairperson shall determine the order of voting together with the original proposal. If one of the proposals has already been passed, the other proposals shall be considered as rejected and need not be voted on again.  The scrutineers and vote counters for voting on proposals shall be appointed by the chairperson, but the	

	,	
Amended Provisions	Current Provisions	Commentary
scrutineers shall be shareholders.	scrutineers shall be shareholders.	
The vote counting for resolutions or election proposals	Vote counting shall be conducted openly inside the	
at shareholder meetings shall be conducted openly at	shareholder meeting venue, and the results of the vote,	
the shareholder meeting venue, and the results of the vote, including the statistical tally, shall be announced	including the statistical tally, shall be announced on the spot after the vote counting is completed, and a record	
on the spot after the vote counting is completed, and a	shall be made.	
record shall be made.	Shari be made.	
record sharr be made.		
For shareholder meetings conducted via video		
conferencing, shareholders participating through video		
conferencing shall vote on each agenda item and		
election proposal through the video conferencing		
platform after the chairman announces the		
commencement of the meeting. The voting should be		
completed before the chairman announces the end of the		
voting, and any votes cast after the deadline will be		
considered abstentions. For shareholder meetings held via video conference,	For shareholder meetings held via video conference,	
voting shall be conducted in one go after the	voting shall be conducted in one go after the	
chairperson announces the end of voting, and the voting	chairperson announces the end of voting, and the voting	
and election results shall be announced.	and election results shall be announced.	
When this company holds a shareholder meeting with	When this company holds a shareholder meeting with	
video conferencing assistance, shareholders registered	video conferencing assistance, shareholders, solicitors,	
to attend the shareholder meeting via video conference	or proxies registered to attend the shareholder meeting	
who wish to attend the physical shareholder meeting in	via video conference who wish to attend the physical	
person shall withdraw their registration in the same	shareholder meeting in person shall withdraw their	
manner as registration no later than two days before the	registration in the same manner as registration no later	
shareholder meeting; those who fail to withdraw in time	than two days before the shareholder meeting; those	
shall only be allowed to attend the shareholder meeting via video conference.	who fail to withdraw in time shall only be allowed to attend the shareholder meeting via video conference.	
via video conference.	attend the shareholder meeting via video conference.	
Shareholders who exercise voting rights in writing or	Shareholders who exercise voting rights in writing or	
electronically and participate in the shareholder	electronically and participate in the shareholder	
meeting via video conference shall not exercise voting	meeting via video conference shall not exercise voting	
rights again on the original proposal or propose	rights again on the original proposal or propose	

Amended Provisions	Current Provisions	Commentary
amendments to the original proposal or exercise voting rights on amendments to the original proposal, except for ad hoc motions.	amendments to the original proposal or exercise voting rights on amendments to the original proposal, except for ad hoc motions.	
Article 14 When there is an election of directors at the shareholder meeting, it shall be conducted in accordance with the relevant appointment regulations established by this company. The election results, including the list of elected directors with their respective vote counts, as well as the list of unsuccessful candidates and their obtained vote counts.  The ballots for the election mentioned ··· they shall be preserved until the conclusion of the litigation.	Article 14 When there is an election of directors at the shareholder meeting, it shall be conducted in accordance with the relevant appointment regulations established by this company. The election results, including the list of elected directors and their number of votes, shall be announced on the spot.  The ballots for the election mentioned ··· they shall be preserved until the conclusion of the litigation.	Compliant with legal amendments.
Article 20 When the company convenes a video shareholder meeting, the chairman and the recording personnel should be located at the same location within the country. The chairman should also announce the address of the location at the beginning of the meeting.	Article 20 When the company convenes a video shareholder meeting, the chairman and the recording personnel should be located at the same location within the country.	Compliant with newly enacted laws.
Article 21  If the shareholder meeting is held via video conference, the company may provide shareholders with a simple connection test before the meeting and offer real-time assistance during both the pre-meeting and the meeting itself to address any communication-related technical issues.	Article 21	Compliant with newly enacted laws.
For shareholder meetings conducted via video conference, the chairman should announce separately at the commencement of the meeting that, except for situations specified in Article 20, Paragraph 4 of the Guidelines for Handling Shareholder Affairs of Publicly Issued Companies, where there is no need to postpone or continue the meeting, if there is a disruption to the	video conference, the chairman should announce separately at the opening of the meeting that, except for situations specified in Article 20 of the Guidelines for Handling Shareholder Affairs of Publicly Issued Companies, if there is a disruption to the video	

A 1.1D	C A D	<b>C</b>
Amended Provisions  video conference platform or participation via video	Current Provisions	Commentary
conference due to force majeure, persisting for more	conference due to force majeure, persisting for more than thirty minutes before the chairman announces	
than thirty minutes before the chairman announces	adjournment, the provisions of Article 182 of the	
adjournment, the provisions of Article 182 of the	Company Act regarding the postponement or	
Company Act regarding the postponement or	continuation of the meeting date shall not apply.	
continuation of the meeting date shall not apply.	continuation of the meeting date shall not apply.	
continuation of the meeting date shall not apply.		
If the aforementioned postponement or continuation of		
the meeting occurs, shareholders who were not		
registered to participate in the original shareholder		
meeting via video conference shall not be allowed to		
participate in the postponed or continued meeting.		
According to the provisions of the second paragraph, in		
the event that the meeting is postponed or continued as		
stipulated, shareholders who have registered to		
participate in the original shareholder meeting via video conference and have completed the registration but do		
not participate in the postponed or continued meeting,		
their shares, exercised voting rights, and election rights		
exercised at the original shareholder meeting shall be		
counted towards the total shares, voting rights, and		
election rights of the shareholders attending the		
postponed or continued meeting.		
Similarly, in accordance with the provisions of the		
second paragraph, when handling the postponement or	handling the postponement or continuation of a	
continuation of a shareholder meeting, matters such as	shareholder meeting, matters such as completed voting	
completed voting and vote counting, as well as announcements of voting results or the list of elected	and vote counting, as well as announcements of voting results or the list of elected directors and supervisors,	
directors and supervisors, need not be discussed and	need not be discussed and resolved again.	
resolved again.	need not be discussed and resolved again.	
10001100 uguin.		
When conducting a video-assisted shareholder meeting,		
if the conditions arise as described in the second		
paragraph, rendering it impossible to continue the video		

Amended Provisions	Current Provisions	Commentary
conference, and if after deducting the shares		
represented by shareholders attending via video		
conference, the total shares represented still meet the		
statutory quorum required for the meeting, the		
shareholder meeting shall proceed without the need to		
postpone or continue the meeting in accordance with		
the provisions of the second paragraph.		
In the event described in the preceding paragraph where		
the meeting must continue, shareholders participating in		
the shareholder meeting via video conference shall have		
their shares counted towards the total shares		
represented at the meeting. However, regarding all		
agenda items of that particular shareholder meeting,		
their votes shall be treated as abstentions.		
When the company postpones or continues a meeting in	When the company postpones or continues a meeting in	
accordance with the provisions of the <u>second</u> paragraph,	accordance with the provisions of the first paragraph, it	
it shall follow the requirements specified in Article 20,	shall follow the requirements specified in Article 20,	
Paragraph 7 of the Guidelines for Handling Shareholder	Paragraph 4 of the Guidelines for Handling Shareholder	
Affairs of Publicly Issued Companies. The company	Affairs of Publicly Issued Companies. The company	
shall carry out relevant preparatory procedures	shall carry out relevant preparatory procedures	
according to the original shareholder meeting date and	according to the original shareholder meeting date and	
the provisions of the aforementioned article	the provisions of the aforementioned article, and	
	shareholders listed in the shareholder registry	
	suspending transfer rights for the original shareholder	
	meeting shall have the right to attend the shareholder	
	meeting.	
During the period specified in Article 12, paragraph 2	During the period specified in Article 12, paragraph 2	
of the Rules for Attending Shareholder Meetings by	of the Rules for Attending Shareholder Meetings by	
Proxy of Publicly Issued Companies and Article 44-5,	Proxy of Publicly Issued Companies and Article 44-5,	
paragraph 2, Article 44-15, and Article 44-17,	paragraph 2, Article 44-15, and Article 44-17,	
paragraph 1 of the Guidelines for Handling Shareholder	paragraph 1 of the Guidelines for Handling Shareholder	
Affairs of Publicly Issued Companies, if the company	Affairs of Publicly Issued Companies, if the company	
needs to postpone or continue the meeting in	needs to postpone or continue the meeting in	
accordance with the provisions of the second paragraph,	accordance with the provisions of the second paragraph,	

Amended Provisions	<b>Current Provisions</b>	Commentary
it shall do so based on the date of the shareholder	it shall do so based on the date of the shareholder	
meeting.	meeting.	
In the event that a video-assisted shareholder meeting	In the event that a video-assisted shareholder meeting	
cannot continue due to the circumstances described in	cannot continue due to the circumstances described in	
the first paragraph, if the total shareholding still meets	the first paragraph, if the total shareholding still meets	
the statutory quota for decision-making after deducting	the statutory quota for decision-making after deducting	
the shareholding represented by those attending the	the shareholding represented by those attending the	
meeting via video, the shareholder meeting may	meeting via video, the shareholder meeting may	
continue without the need to postpone or continue the	continue without the need to postpone or continue the	
meeting in accordance with the provisions of the first	meeting in accordance with the provisions of the first	
paragraph.	paragraph.	
When the company convenes a video shareholder		
meeting, appropriate alternative measures should be	meeting, appropriate alternative measures should be	
provided for shareholders who have difficulty	provided for shareholders who have difficulty	
participating via video.	participating via video.	
Except for the circumstances specified in Article 44,		
Paragraph 9, Item 6 of the Guidelines for Handling		
Shareholder Affairs of Publicly Issued Companies, the		
company should provide shareholders with connection		
equipment and necessary assistance. The company		
should also specify the period during which		
shareholders can apply to the company and other relevant matters to be noted.		
Article 24:	Article 20:	The dates of
These rules were established on May 28, 2015.	These rules were established on May 28, 2015.	amendment are added.
The first amendment to these rules was made on June	The first amendment to these rules was made on June	amendment are added.
30, 2016.	30, 2016.	
The second amendment to these rules was made on June	The second amendment to these rules was made on June	
4, 2020.	4, 2020.	
The third amendment to these rules was made on July	The third amendment to these rules was made on July	
15, 2021.	15, 2021.	
The fourth amendment to these rules was made on May	The fourth amendment to these rules was made on May	
26, 2022.	26, 2022.	
The fifth amendment to this regulation was made on		
May 23, 2024.		

### [Appendix 1]

### AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC.

### **Articles of Incorporation (Pre-Revised)**

#### **CHAPTER 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS**

- Article 1: This company is organized in accordance with the provisions of the Company Act for a limited liability company, named "Amulaire Thermal Technology Co., Ltd." in Chinese, and "Amulaire Thermal Technology, Inc." in English.
- Article 2: The business activities of this company are as follows:
  - 1.C805050 Industrial Plastic Products Manufacturing
  - 2.CA05010 Powder Metallurgy
  - 3.CC01080 Electronic Components Manufacturing
  - 4.F113990 Other Machinery and Equipment Wholesale
  - 5.F119010 Electronic Materials Wholesale
  - 6.F213990 Other Machinery and Equipment Retail
  - 7.F219010 Electronic Materials Retail
  - 8.F401010 International Trade
  - 9.ZZ99999 Except for licensed businesses, the company may engage in activities not prohibited or restricted by laws and regulations.
- Article 3: The company shall establish its head office in New Taipei City, and when necessary, may establish branches domestically and abroad upon the decision of the board of directors.
- Article 4: Notices and announcements of the company shall be handled in accordance with the Company Act and the regulations of the competent authority for securities.

#### **CHAPTER 2 SHARES**

- Article 5: The total capital of the company is set at fifteen hundred million New Taiwan Dollars, divided into one hundred and fifty million shares, all of which are common shares with a par value of New Taiwan Dollars ten per share. The unissued shares are authorized to be issued in installments by the Board of Directors.
  - Within the total capital amount stated in the preceding paragraph, an

additional ten million shares are reserved for employee stock warrants, warrants attached to preferred shares, or warrants attached to convertible bonds for exercise of subscription rights. The Board of Directors is authorized to issue these shares in installments.

The issuance price of employee stock warrants issued by the Company shall not be subject to the restrictions of Article 53 of the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Issuers. However, the issuance requires the presence of more than half of the total voting rights of the shareholders, with the consent of at least two-thirds of the voting rights represented, before it can proceed.

Recipients of the employee stock warrants issued by the Company include employees of affiliated or subsidiary companies who meet certain conditions.

Employees, including those of affiliated or subsidiary companies who meet certain conditions, shall be eligible to subscribe for shares when the Company issues new shares.

Recipients of new shares with restricted employee rights include employees of affiliated or subsidiary companies who meet certain conditions.

- Article 6: The total amount of the company's investment in subsidiaries is not subject to the limitation of 40% of the paid-in capital as stipulated in Article 13 of the Company Act.
- Article 7: The Company may issue shares in the form of uncertificated securities, but shall register with a securities central depository institution and comply with its regulations.
- Article 8: Except as otherwise provided by securities laws and regulations, the Company shall comply with the regulations of the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for Public Companies" in all matters related to shareholder services.
- Article 8-1: Changes recorded in the shareholder registry shall be handled in accordance with Article 165 of the Company Act.

### Chapter 3 Shareholders' Meeting

- Article 9: The Company's shareholders' meetings are divided into the following two types:
  - 1.Regular shareholders' meetings shall be convened by the Board of Directors at least once a year, within six months after the end of each fiscal year, in accordance with

the law.

- 2.Extraordinary shareholders' meetings shall be convened when necessary in accordance with relevant laws and regulations.
- 3.Shareholders' meetings may be conducted via video conferencing or by means as announced by the competent authority.
- Article 10: The Chairman of the Board shall preside over shareholders' meetings. In the event that the Chairman is absent or unable to perform his duties, one Director shall be designated to act as proxy. If the Chairman has not designated a proxy, the Directors shall elect one among themselves to act as proxy. If the meeting is convened by a person other than the Board of Directors, the Chairman shall be appointed by that convening person. If there are two or more convening persons, they shall elect one Chairman among themselves.
- Article 11: Shareholders who are unable to attend the shareholders' meeting may issue a proxy form issued by the Company, specifying the scope of authorization and the proxy, to attend the shareholders' meeting on their behalf. The method and use of proxy for shareholder attendance shall be governed by the "Rules for Using Proxy Forms for Attending Shareholders' Meetings of Publicly Traded Companies" issued by the competent authority, in addition to relevant provisions of the Company Act.
- Article 12: When convening a shareholders' meeting, the Company shall provide shareholders with the option to exercise their voting rights in writing or electronically. Shareholders may exercise their voting rights in writing or electronically, and shareholders who exercise their voting rights electronically shall be deemed to be present in person. All relevant matters shall be handled in accordance with legal provisions.
- Article 13: Shareholders' resolutions, unless otherwise provided by the Company Act, shall require the presence of a majority of the total issued shares represented and approval by a majority of the voting rights present at the shareholders' meeting. Resolutions of shareholders' meetings shall be recorded in the minutes and handled in accordance with Article 183 of the Company Act.
- Article 13-1: The procedures for applying for public offering and withdrawing public offering of

the Company's stocks shall be handled in accordance with relevant provisions of Article 156 of the Company Act.

### Chapter 4 Directors, Audit Committee Members and Managers

Article 14: The Company shall have five to nine directors, each serving a term of three years, appointed by the shareholders' meeting from among capable individuals, and reelection is permissible. When electing directors at the shareholders' meeting, each share shall have the same number of votes as the number of directors to be elected. Shareholders may vote to elect one person collectively or distribute their votes to elect multiple persons. The candidate with the highest number of votes representing the voting rights shall be elected as a director.

The number of independent directors of the Company shall not be less than three (including at least one independent director with expertise in accounting or finance), and shall not be less than one-fifth of the total number of directors. The qualifications, shareholding, concurrent positions restrictions, nomination and appointment procedures, and other matters related to independent directors shall be handled in accordance with the relevant regulations of the competent authority. The nomination system for all directors shall adopt the candidate nomination system prescribed in Article 192-1 of the Company Act.

The Company may arrange for directors to be insured for their liability within the scope of their duties during their term in accordance with the law. The amount of insurance and matters related to insurance shall be determined by the board of directors.

- Article 14-1: The Company may establish functional committees under the board of directors.

  The establishment and powers of relevant committees shall be conducted in accordance with regulations prescribed by the competent authority.
- Article 14-2: The Company shall establish an audit committee in accordance with relevant regulations of the Securities and Exchange Act, composed of all independent directors. Matters related to the number of members, term of office, powers, rules of procedure, etc., of the audit committee shall be stipulated separately in the organization regulations of the audit committee in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Exercise of Powers by Audit Committees of Public Companies".

### Article 14-3: (Deleted)

- Article 15: The Board of Directors shall be organized by the directors, and its powers are as follows:
  - 1. Prepare the business report and financial statements.
  - 2. Propose the distribution of profits or the allocation of losses.
  - 3. Propose amendments to the Articles of Incorporation, changes in capital, company dissolution, or merger.
  - 4. Establish internal control systems and company organizational regulations.
  - 5. Approve the appointment, dismissal, and remuneration of company executives.
  - 6. Approve the establishment and closure of branch offices.
  - 7. Prepare budgets and final accounts.
  - 8. Appoint, dismiss, and determine the remuneration of accountants.
  - 9. Appoint or dismiss financial accounting supervisors and internal auditors.
  - 10. Approve investments in other businesses.
  - 11. Approve the acquisition and disposal of company assets, but the sale of all or most of the company's assets shall be handled in accordance with Article 185 of the Company Act.
  - 12.Lend funds to others or endorse guarantees for others in accordance with internal control regulations.
  - 13. Apply for financing, guarantees, acceptance, bill endorsements, and any other credit or debt instruments from financial institutions or third parties.
  - 14.Other matters not required to be resolved by the shareholders' meeting according to the Company Act.
- Article 16: The Board of Directors shall be chaired by a person elected by a two-thirds majority of the directors present, and with the consent of the majority of the attending directors. The chairman represents the company externally.
- Article 17: Resolutions of the Board of Directors, unless otherwise stipulated by the Company
  Law, shall require the presence of more than half of the directors, and shall be
  adopted upon the consent of more than half of the directors present. Resolutions of
  the Board of Directors shall be recorded in minutes. The Board of Directors shall
  convene at least once every quarter. Unless otherwise provided by the Company Law,

the Board of Directors shall be convened by the Chairman, with the agenda specified, and notice shall be given to all directors seven days in advance. However, in case of emergencies, the meeting may be convened at any time. The convening of the Board of Directors may be conducted by written notice, email, or fax.

Article 18: The Chairman of the Board shall serve as the chairman of the Board of Directors. In the event that the Chairman is on leave or unable to exercise his/her duties, a director designated by the Chairman shall act as the proxy. If the Chairman has not designated a proxy, the directors shall elect a proxy from among themselves.

Directors shall personally attend Board meetings. In case a director is unable to attend, he/she may appoint another director as a proxy, limited to one proxy per appointor. Attendance via video conference shall be considered as being personally present.

Article 19: (Deleted)

Article 20: When directors of the Company perform their duties, the Company may provide compensation based on their level of involvement and contribution to the Company's operations, taking into account industry standards. The authority to determine such compensation shall be vested in the Board of Directors.

Article 21: The Company may appoint managers, and their appointment, dismissal, and remuneration shall be handled in accordance with Article 29 of the Company Law.

### **Chapter 5 Accounting**

- Article 22: The fiscal year of the Company shall run from January 1st to December 31st. Financial statements shall be prepared at the end of each fiscal year.
- Article 23: The Board of Directors shall, at the end of each fiscal year, prepare the following documents for submission to the regular shareholders' meeting for approval:
  - 1. Operating report.
  - 2. Financial statements.
  - 3. Proposal for profit distribution or loss compensation.

Article 24: Before deducting employee remuneration and director remuneration from the pre-tax net profit for the year, the Company shall allocate 5% to 15% for employee remuneration, subject to review by the Remuneration Committee and approval by the Board of Directors with the consent of two-thirds or more of the attending directors and a majority of attending directors, to be distributed in the form of stocks or cash, with eligible subsidiary company employees included as beneficiaries. The Company may allocate up to 3% of the aforementioned profit amount for director remuneration, subject to review by the Remuneration Committee and approval by the Board of Directors with the consent of two-thirds or more of the attending directors and a majority of attending directors. Proposals for the distribution of employee and director remuneration shall be reported to the shareholders' meeting. However, when the Company has accumulated losses, an amount for offsetting such losses shall be reserved first, before allocating employee and director remuneration according to the aforementioned proportions.

Article 25: If there are profits in the annual general settlement of accounts, taxes shall be paid first, followed by the compensation for past years' losses. Then, 10% of the remaining profits shall be set aside as statutory surplus reserves, and provisions or reversals of special surplus reserves shall be made according to laws and regulations and the requirements of the competent authority. Any remaining balance, together with accumulated undistributed profits, shall be proposed by the Board of Directors for distribution to shareholders as dividends, subject to approval by the shareholders' meeting. The dividend policy of the Company shall prioritize shareholder interests and align with current and future development plans, taking into account domestic industry competitiveness, investment environment, and capital requirements, and may be distributed in the form of stock dividends or cash dividends, based on the general distribution level of dividends in the industry and capital market. However, the proportion of cash dividends shall not be less than 10% of the total dividend amount, but the type and ratio of such profit distribution may be adjusted based on the actual profit and financial situation of the current year, with proposals drafted by the Board of Directors for approval by the shareholders' meeting.

Article 26: (Deleted)

### **Chapter 6 Supplementary Provisions**

Article 27: The Company may provide external guarantees as needed for its business operations, and such operations shall be conducted in accordance with the Company's procedures for loans and endorsement guarantees.

Article 28: The Company's organizational regulations and operational rules shall be separately formulated.

Article 28-1: The Company establishes a Research and Development Center to continuously support research and development activities, aiming to establish the core value of "innovative technology and high-quality product services." The organization and responsibilities of the Research and Development Center shall be determined separately by the Board of Directors.

Article 29: Any matters not covered in this Articles of Incorporation shall be handled in accordance with the Company Law.

Article 30: This charter was established on June 17, 2011.

First amendment on May 31, 2012.

Second amendment on October 16, 2014.

Third amendment on May 28, 2015.

Fourth amendment on September 30, 2015.

Fifth amendment on June 30, 2016.

Sixth amendment on June 14, 2018.

Seventh amendment on June 13, 2019.

Eighth amendment on July 15, 2021.

Ninth amendment on May 26, 2022.

### [Appendix 2]

### AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC.

### **Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings(Pre-Revised)**

- Article 1: In order to establish a good shareholder meeting governance system, strengthen supervisory functions, and enhance management capabilities of the company, this regulation is formulated in accordance with Article 5 of the Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for Listed and OTC Companies for compliance.
- Article 2: The rules of procedure for the company's shareholder meetings shall be governed by this regulation, except where otherwise provided by laws or the articles of association.
- Article 3: Unless otherwise stipulated by laws, the company's shareholder meetings shall be convened by the board of directors. Any changes to the method of convening the company's shareholder meetings shall be decided by the board of directors and implemented no later than the dispatch of the meeting notice. The company shall, thirty days before the annual shareholder meeting or fifteen days before any extraordinary shareholder meeting, transmit electronically to the public information website the meeting notice, proxy forms, relevant proposals for recognition, discussion, election or dismissal of directors, and explanatory materials. Additionally, twenty-one days before the annual shareholder meeting or fifteen days before any extraordinary shareholder meeting, the company shall transmit electronically to the public information website the meeting agenda and supplementary materials. Fifteen days before the shareholder meeting, the meeting agenda and supplementary materials shall be prepared and made available for shareholders to access at any time, and shall be displayed at the company's premises and the professional shareholder service agency appointed by the company, and shall be distributed on-site at the shareholder meeting.

Notification and announcements shall specify the reasons for the convening; electronic means may be used with the consent of the parties involved.

Regarding the election or dismissal of directors, amendments to the articles of association, capital reduction, application for suspension of public issuance, director's concurrent business permits, surplus capital increase, reserve capital increase, company dissolution, mergers, splits, or matters under Article 185, Paragraph 1 of the Company Act, Article 26-1 and Article 43-6 of the Securities Exchange Act, Article 56-1 and Article 62-2 of the Guidelines for the Handling of Issuers' Solicitation and

Issuance of Securities, the agenda should enumerate and explain their main content, and they cannot be proposed as ad hoc motions.

If the convening reasons of the shareholder meeting specify a comprehensive re-election of directors and the dates of assumption of office, after the re-election is completed at that meeting, the assumption date shall not be changed by ad hoc motions or other means during the same meeting.

Shareholders holding more than one percent of the total issued shares may propose agenda items for the annual shareholder meeting, limited to one item; proposals exceeding one item shall not be included in the agenda. Additionally, if a proposal by shareholders falls under any of the circumstances stipulated in Article 172-1, Paragraph 4 of the Company Act, the board of directors may decide not to include it in the agenda. Shareholders may propose advisory proposals to urge the company to enhance public interest or fulfill social responsibilities; procedurally, they shall be limited to one item according to relevant provisions of Article 172-1 of the Company Act, and proposals exceeding one item shall not be included in the agenda.

The company shall announce before the record date for the annual shareholder meeting the acceptance of shareholder proposals, the methods of written or electronic submission, the places and periods of acceptance; the acceptance period shall not be less than ten days.

Shareholder proposals shall be limited to three hundred words; those exceeding three hundred words shall not be included in the agenda. Shareholder proponents shall attend the annual shareholder meeting in person or through proxies and participate in the discussion of the proposal.

Before the notification date of the shareholder meeting, the company shall inform proposal shareholders of the handling results and include the agenda items in accordance with the provisions of this article in the meeting notice. For shareholder proposals not included in the agenda, the board of directors shall explain the reasons for non-inclusion at the shareholder meeting.

Article 4: Shareholders may issue a proxy form issued by the company for each shareholder meeting, specifying the scope of authorization, the proxy, and attend the shareholder meeting. Each shareholder may issue only one proxy form and appoint only one proxy, which should be delivered to the company no later than five days before the shareholder meeting. In case of multiple proxy forms, the one received first shall prevail, except for those that explicitly revoke previous proxies.

After delivering the proxy form to the company, if a shareholder wishes to attend the shareholder meeting in person or exercise voting rights in writing or electronically, they must notify the company in writing of the revocation of the proxy no later than two days before the shareholder meeting. Failure to revoke on time will result in the proxy exercising the voting rights on behalf of the shareholder.

After delivering the proxy form to the company, if a shareholder wishes to attend the shareholder meeting via video conferencing, they must notify the company in writing of the revocation of the proxy no later than two days before the shareholder meeting. Failure to revoke on time will result in the proxy exercising the voting rights on behalf of the shareholder. Article 5: The venue for a shareholders meeting shall be the premises of this Corporation, or a place easily accessible to shareholders and suitable for a shareholders meeting. The meeting may begin no earlier than 9 a.m. and no later than 3 p.m. Full consideration shall be given to the opinions of the independent directors with respect to the place and time of the meeting.

The restrictions on the place of the meeting shall not apply when this Corporation convenes a virtual-only shareholders meeting.

This Corporation shall specify in its shareholders meeting notices the time during which attendance registrations for shareholders, solicitors and proxies (collectively "shareholders") will be accepted, the place to register for attendance, and other matters for attention. If a shareholders meeting is held by means of visual communication, should be recorded shareholders attend the virtual meeting and exercise their rights, actions to be taken if the virtual meeting platform or participation in the virtual meeting is obstructed due to—other force majeure events, and the date to which the meeting is postponed or on which the meeting will resume and Other matters needing attention; To convene a virtual-only shareholders meeting, appropriate alternative measures available to shareholders with difficulties in attending a virtual shareholders meeting online shall be specified. The time during which shareholder attendance registrations will be accepted, as stated in the preceding paragraph, shall be at least 30 minutes prior to the time the meeting commences. The place at which attendance registrations are accepted shall be clearly marked and a sufficient number of suitable personnel assigned to handle the registrations.

Article 5: The location for convening shareholder meetings should be either at the company's registered office or at a location convenient for shareholders to attend and suitable for holding the meeting. The meeting start time shall not be earlier than 9:00 AM or later

than 3:00 PM, and the choice of venue and time shall take into full consideration the opinions of independent directors.

When the company convenes a virtual shareholder meeting, it is not bound by the aforementioned location restrictions.

The company shall specify in the meeting notice the time and place for shareholders, proxies, and agents (hereinafter referred to as "shareholders") to register, the location of the registration, and any other matters that require attention. For shareholder meetings conducted via video conference, the notice should include information on how shareholders can participate and exercise their rights, the procedure for handling obstacles due to force majeure events that may hinder participation or access to the video conference platform, and any instructions regarding postponement or continuation of the meeting. If a virtual shareholder meeting is convened, appropriate alternative measures for shareholders who encounter difficulties in participating via video conference should also be provided. The registration time for shareholders mentioned above shall be at least thirty minutes before the meeting starts, and the registration location shall be clearly marked with adequate personnel assigned to handle it.

Article 6: Shareholders must present attendance certificates, attendance sign-in cards, or other attendance documents to attend shareholder meetings. The company shall not arbitrarily require shareholders to provide additional proof of identity beyond the documents relied upon for attendance. Shareholders who are proxy solicitors should also carry identification documents for verification.

The company shall provide a sign-in book for shareholders to register their attendance or allow shareholders to submit their sign-in cards for registration on behalf of them. The company shall provide the meeting handbook, annual report, attendance certificates, speech slips, voting slips, and other meeting materials to attending shareholders. If directors are being elected, ballots should be provided separately. When a government agency or a legal entity is a shareholder, the representative attending the shareholder meeting is not limited to one person. However, when a legal entity is appointed to attend the shareholder meeting as a proxy, only one person may be designated to represent them.

For shareholder meetings conducted via video conference, shareholders who wish to attend via video conferencing should register with the company at least two days before the meeting.

For shareholder meetings conducted via video conference, the company shall upload

the meeting handbook, annual report, and other relevant documents to the video conferencing platform at least thirty minutes before the meeting starts and keep them accessible until the meeting ends.

Article 7: If the shareholder meeting is convened by the board of directors, the chairman shall be the chairman of the board. In the absence or incapacity of the chairman, the vice chairman shall act as the proxy. If there is no vice chairman or the vice chairman is also absent or unable to perform their duties, the chairman shall designate one executive director to act as the proxy. If there is no executive director, the chairman shall designate one director to act as the proxy. If the chairman fails to designate a proxy, the executive directors or directors shall mutually nominate one person to act as the proxy.

If the chairman or proxy mentioned above is an executive director or director, they must have served in their position for at least six months and have a good understanding of the company's financial and business conditions. The same applies if the chairman or proxy is a representative of a legal entity director.

For shareholder meetings convened by the board of directors, the chairman should personally preside over the meeting, and attendance should be recorded in the minutes of the shareholder meeting.

If the shareholder meeting is convened by a person other than the board of directors, the chairman shall be the convenor, and if there are two or more convenors, they shall nominate one person among themselves to act as the chairman.

The company may appoint its appointed lawyers, accountants, or relevant personnel to attend the shareholder meeting.

Article 8: The company shall install surveillance cameras at the entrance where shareholders register their attendance, and the entire process of the shareholder meeting shall be recorded in audio and video. The video recordings should be retained for at least one year. However, if a lawsuit is filed by shareholders under Article 189 of the Company Act, the recordings should be kept until the conclusion of the lawsuit. For shareholder meetings conducted via video conference, the company shall record and retain data on shareholder registration, attendance, check-in, questioning, voting, and company vote counting results. The entire video conference session shall be recorded continuously and without interruption.

The company shall properly preserve the aforementioned data, audio recordings, and

video recordings during their retention period and provide the audio and video recordings to the appointed party responsible for handling video conference affairs for safekeeping.

Article 9: Attendance at the shareholder meeting shall be based on shareholding. The number of shares represented shall be calculated based on the sign-in sheet, submitted sign-in cards, and the number of shares reported on the video conference platform, plus the number of shares represented by written or electronic voting. Once the meeting time arrives, the chairman shall promptly announce the commencement of the meeting and simultaneously disclose relevant information such as the number of votes present and the number of shares represented. However, if the attendance of shareholders representing more than half of the total issued shares is not achieved, the chairman may announce a postponement of the meeting. The meeting may be postponed up to two times, with a total delay not exceeding one hour. If after two postponements the attendance of shareholders representing more than one-third of the total issued shares is still not reached, the chairman shall declare the meeting adjourned. For shareholder meetings conducted via video conference, the company shall also announce the adjournment on the video conference platform. If after two postponements the required attendance is still not met but shareholders representing more than one-third of the total issued shares are present, the chairman may make a provisional resolution in accordance with Article 175, Paragraph 1 of the Company Act, and notify all shareholders to reconvene the meeting within one month. For shareholder meetings conducted via video conference, shareholders who wish to attend via video conference shall register with the company again according to Article 6. If, before the conclusion of the current meeting, the number of shares represented by attending shareholders exceeds more than half of the total issued shares, the chairman may submit the provisional resolution made to the shareholder meeting for a vote again in accordance with Article 174 of the Company Act.

Article 10: If the shareholder meeting is convened by the board of directors, the agenda shall be determined by the board of directors, and relevant proposals shall be subject to a vote. The meeting shall proceed according to the predetermined agenda, which shall not be altered without the consent of the shareholder meeting.

If the shareholder meeting is convened by a person other than the board of directors, the provisions of the preceding paragraph shall apply mutatis mutandis. During the meeting, including discussion on ad hoc motions, the chairman shall not adjourn the

meeting without resolution. If the chairman violates the rules of procedure and adjourns the meeting, other members of the board of directors shall promptly assist the attending shareholders in electing, through a legally prescribed procedure, a new chairman with the consent of more than half of the voting rights represented by the attending shareholders, to continue the meeting.

The chairman shall provide ample explanation and discussion opportunities for agenda items, proposed amendments, or ad hoc motions submitted by shareholders. When the chairman deems that sufficient discussion has taken place, they may announce the end of discussion, put the matter to a vote, and allocate adequate voting time.

Article 11: Before shareholders speak at the meeting, they must fill out a speech slip specifying the subject of their speech, their shareholder account number (or attendance certificate number), and their name. The chairman shall determine the order of speaking.

A shareholder who only submits a speech slip without speaking shall be deemed as not having spoken. If the content of the speech does not match what is written on the speech slip, the content of the speech shall prevail.

Each shareholder may speak on the same agenda item only with the consent of the chairman, up to two times, with each speech limited to five minutes. However, the chairman may interrupt a shareholder's speech if it violates the rules or exceeds the scope of the agenda.

While a shareholder is speaking, other shareholders shall not interrupt without the consent of the chairman and the speaking shareholder. The chairman shall intervene if any disruption occurs.

When a legal entity shareholder appoints more than one representative to attend the shareholder meeting, only one representative may speak on the same agenda item. After a shareholder speaks, the chairman may personally respond or designate relevant personnel to respond.

For shareholder meetings conducted via video conference, shareholders participating via video may ask questions in writing on the video conference platform from the time the chairman announces the meeting until adjournment. Each question on an agenda item may be asked up to two times, with a limit of 200 words per question. The provisions from the first to the fifth clauses do not apply in this case.

Article 12: The voting at the shareholder meeting shall be based on shareholding.

For resolutions at the shareholder meeting, the shares held by shareholders without

voting rights shall not be counted as part of the total issued shares. Shareholders who have a conflict of interest with respect to the matters of the meeting, which may harm the interests of the company, shall not participate in the vote and shall not delegate their voting rights to other shareholders.

The shares for which voting rights are not exercised according to the preceding clause shall not be counted in the total voting rights of the attending shareholders. Except for trust enterprises or share registrars approved by the securities regulatory authority, when a person is appointed as a proxy by two or more shareholders simultaneously, the voting rights of the proxy shall not exceed three percent of the total voting rights of the issued shares. Any excess voting rights shall not be counted.

Article 13: Each share entitles its holder to one voting right; however, those with restricted voting rights or those listed in Article 179, Paragraph 2 of the Company Act are exempt from this provision.

When this company convenes a shareholder meeting, shareholders shall exercise their voting rights in writing or electronically. The method of exercising voting rights shall be specified in the notice of the shareholder meeting. Shareholders who exercise their voting rights in writing or electronically shall be deemed to be present at the shareholder meeting. However, with regard to ad hoc motions and amendments to original proposals at that shareholder meeting, they shall be considered as abstentions. Therefore, this company should avoid proposing ad hoc motions and amendments to original proposals at that meeting.

For shareholders who exercise their voting rights in writing or electronically, their expressions of intent shall be delivered to the company no later than two days before the shareholder meeting. In case of duplicate expressions of intent, the one received first shall prevail. However, this restriction does not apply to declarations of withdrawal of previous expressions of intent.

If a shareholder who has exercised voting rights in writing or electronically wishes to attend the shareholder meeting in person or via video conference, they must withdraw their previous expression of intent in the same manner no later than two days before the shareholder meeting. Failure to withdraw within the specified period shall result in the voting rights exercised in writing or electronically prevailing. If a shareholder exercises voting rights in writing or electronically and authorizes a proxy to attend the shareholder meeting, the voting rights exercised by the proxy attending the meeting shall prevail.

For voting on proposals, unless otherwise specified by the Company Act or the

company's articles of incorporation, approval shall be obtained with the consent of more than half of the voting rights of the attending shareholders. During the voting, the total voting rights of the attending shareholders shall be announced by the chairperson or a designated person.

When there are amendments or alternative proposals for the same proposal, the chairperson shall determine the order of voting together with the original proposal. If one of the proposals has already been passed, the other proposals shall be considered as rejected and need not be voted on again.

The scrutineers and vote counters for voting on proposals shall be appointed by the chairperson, but the scrutineers shall be shareholders.

Vote counting shall be conducted openly inside the shareholder meeting venue, and the results of the vote, including the statistical tally, shall be announced on the spot after the vote counting is completed, and a record shall be made.

For shareholder meetings held via video conference, voting shall be conducted in one go after the chairperson announces the end of voting, and the voting and election results shall be announced.

When this company holds a shareholder meeting with video conferencing assistance, shareholders, solicitors, or proxies registered to attend the shareholder meeting via video conference who wish to attend the physical shareholder meeting in person shall withdraw their registration in the same manner as registration no later than two days before the shareholder meeting; those who fail to withdraw in time shall only be allowed to attend the shareholder meeting via video conference.

Shareholders who exercise voting rights in writing or electronically and participate in the shareholder meeting via video conference shall not exercise voting rights again on the original proposal or propose amendments to the original proposal or exercise voting rights on amendments to the original proposal, except for ad hoc motions.

Article 14: When there is an election of directors at the shareholder meeting, it shall be conducted in accordance with the relevant appointment regulations established by this company. The election results, including the list of elected directors and their number of votes, shall be announced on the spot.

The ballots for the election mentioned in the preceding paragraph shall be sealed and signed by the scrutineers, then properly kept, and preserved for at least one year. However, in case of litigation initiated by shareholders under Article 189 of the Company Act, they shall be preserved until the conclusion of the litigation.

Article 15: Resolutions of the shareholder meeting shall be recorded in minutes, signed or stamped by the chairperson, and distributed to each shareholder within twenty days after the meeting. The preparation and distribution of the minutes may be conducted electronically.

The distribution of the minutes as mentioned in the preceding paragraph may be done through the announcement method on the Market Observation Post System (MOPS). The minutes shall accurately record the year, month, day, venue, name of the chairperson, method of resolution, essential proceedings of the meeting, and the voting results (including the number of votes). In the case of director elections, the number of votes received by each candidate shall be disclosed. The minutes shall be permanently preserved during the company's existence.

In the case of a shareholder meeting conducted via video conference, the minutes shall include the starting and ending times of the meeting, the method of convening the meeting, the names of the chairperson and recorder, appropriate alternative measures provided to shareholders having difficulty participating via video, and the handling procedures and outcomes in case of unforeseen circumstances affecting the video conference platform or participation via video.

Article 16: The number of shares solicited by solicitors, the number of shares represented by proxy agents, and the number of shares represented by shareholders attending via written or electronic means shall be compiled into a statistical table by the company on the day of the shareholder meeting, in a specified format for clear disclosure at the meeting venue. In the case of a shareholder meeting conducted via video conference, the company shall upload the aforementioned data to the video conference platform at least thirty minutes before the meeting begins and continue to disclose it until the meeting concludes.

When announcing the commencement of a shareholder meeting conducted via video conference, the company shall disclose the number of shares represented by shareholders on the video conference platform. Any additional statistics on attendance rights during the meeting shall also be disclosed.

In the event that resolutions of the shareholder meeting involve significant information as stipulated by laws or regulations or by the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation (Taiwan Stock Exchange or GreTai Securities Market), the company shall transmit the content to the Market Observation Post System within the prescribed time frame.

Article 17: Personnel responsible for organizing shareholder meetings shall wear identification cards or armbands.

The chairman may direct inspectors or security personnel to assist in maintaining order at the meeting venue. Inspectors or security personnel assisting in maintaining order shall wear armbands or identification cards labeled with the words "Inspector" when present. If there is a public address system at the venue, the chairman may prohibit shareholders from speaking using equipment not provided by the company. Shareholders who violate the rules of procedure, refuse to comply with the chairman's correction, and obstruct the progress of the meeting despite being warned to stop may be asked to leave the venue by the chairman directing inspectors or security personnel.

Article 18: During the meeting, the chairman may announce a recess at their discretion. In the event of force majeure, the chairman may decide to temporarily suspend the meeting and announce a resumption time based on the circumstances.

If the venue scheduled for the shareholder meeting becomes unavailable before the scheduled agenda is completed, the meeting may resolve to find an alternative venue to continue.

The shareholder meeting may, in accordance with Article 182 of the Company Law, resolve to postpone or reconvene the meeting within five days.

- Article 19: In the case of a shareholder meeting conducted via video conference, the company should promptly disclose the voting results and election outcomes on the shareholder meeting video conference platform after the voting ends. This disclosure should continue for at least fifteen minutes after the chairman announces the adjournment.
- Article 20: When the company convenes a video shareholder meeting, the chairman and the recording personnel should be located at the same location within the country.
- Article 21: In the case of a shareholder meeting conducted via video conference, the chairman should announce separately at the opening of the meeting that, except for situations specified in Article 20 of the Guidelines for Handling Shareholder Affairs of Publicly Issued Companies, if there is a disruption to the video conference platform or participation via video conference due to force majeure, persisting for more than thirty minutes before the chairman announces adjournment, the provisions of Article 182 of the Company Act regarding the postponement or continuation of the meeting date shall not apply.

In accordance with the preceding paragraph, when handling the postponement or continuation of a shareholder meeting, matters such as completed voting and vote counting, as well as announcements of voting results or the list of elected directors and supervisors, need not be discussed and resolved again.

When the company postpones or continues a meeting in accordance with the provisions of the first paragraph, it shall follow the requirements specified in Article 20, Paragraph 4 of the Guidelines for Handling Shareholder Affairs of Publicly Issued Companies. The company shall carry out relevant preparatory procedures according to the original shareholder meeting date and the provisions of the aforementioned article, and shareholders listed in the shareholder registry suspending transfer rights for the original shareholder meeting shall have the right to attend the shareholder meeting.

During the period specified in Article 12, paragraph 2 of the Rules for Attending Shareholder Meetings by Proxy of Publicly Issued Companies and Article 44-5, paragraph 2, Article 44-15, and Article 44-17, paragraph 1 of the Guidelines for Handling Shareholder Affairs of Publicly Issued Companies, if the company needs to postpone or continue the meeting in accordance with the provisions of the second paragraph, it shall do so based on the date of the shareholder meeting.

In the event that a video-assisted shareholder meeting cannot continue due to the circumstances described in the first paragraph, if the total shareholding still meets the statutory quota for decision-making after deducting the shareholding represented by those attending the meeting via video, the shareholder meeting may continue without the need to postpone or continue the meeting in accordance with the provisions of the first paragraph.

When the company convenes a video shareholder meeting, appropriate alternative measures should be provided for shareholders who have difficulty participating via video.

Article 22: This regulation shall be effective after being passed by the shareholders' meeting, and the same shall apply when amended.

Article 23: This regulation was established on May 28, 2015.

The first amendment was made on June 30, 2016.

The second amendment was made on June 4, 2020.

The third amendment was made on July 15, 2021.

The fourth amendment was made on May 26, 2022.

## [Appendix 3]

### AMULAIRE THERMAL TECHNOLOGY, INC.

#### **Procedures for Election of Directors**

- 1. To ensure a just, fair, and open election of directors and supervisors, these Procedures are adopted pursuant to Articles 21 of the "BM0-006 Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles".
- 2. Except as otherwise provided by law and regulation or by this Corporation's Articles of ncorporation, elections of directors and supervisors shall be conducted in accordance with hese Procedures.
- 3. The qualifications for the independent directors of this Corporation shall comply with Articles 2, 3, and 4 of the Regulations Governing Appointment of Independent Directors and Compliance Matters for Public Companies.
  - The election of independent directors of this Corporation shall comply with Articles 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 of the Regulations Governing Appointment of Independent Directors and Compliance Matters for Public Companies, and shall be conducted in accordance with Article 24 of the "BM0-006 Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles".
- 4. The overall composition of the board of directors shall be taken into consideration in the selection of this Corporation's directors. The composition of the board of directors shall be determined by taking diversity into consideration and formulating an appropriate policy on diversity based on the company's business operations, operating dynamics, and development needs. It is advisable that the policy include, without being limited to, the following two general standards:
  - (1). Basic requirements and values: Gender, age, nationality, and culture.
  - (2). Professional knowledge and skills: A professional background (e.g., law, accounting, industry, finance, marketing, technology), professional skills, andindustry experience. Each board member shall have the necessary knowledge, skill, and experience to perform their duties; the abilities that must be present in the board as a whole are as follows:
    - (1). The ability to make judgments about operations.
    - (2). Accounting and financial analysis ability.
    - (3).Business management ability.
    - (4). Crisis management ability.
    - (5).Knowledge of the industry.
    - (6). An international market perspective.
    - (7).Leadership ability.
    - (8). Decision-making ability.

More than half of the directors shall be persons who have neither a spousal relationship nor a relationship within the second degree of kinship with any other director.

The board of directors of this Corporation shall consider adjusting its composition based on the results of performance evaluation.

5. Elections of directors at this Corporation shall be conducted in accordance with the candidate nomination system and procedures set out in Article 192-1 of the Company Act.

When the number of directors falls below five due to the dismissal of a director for any reason, this Corporation shall hold a by-election to fill the vacancy at its next shareholders meeting. When the number of directors falls short by one third of the total number prescribed in this Corporation's articles of incorporation, this Corporation shall call a special shareholders meeting within 60 days from the date of occurrence to hold a by-election to fill the vacancies.

When the number of independent directors falls below that required under the proviso of Article 14-2, paragraph 1 of the Securities and Exchange Act, a by-election shall be held at the next shareholders meeting to fill the vacancy. When the independent directors are dismissed en masse, a special shareholders meeting shall be called within 60 days from the date of occurrence to hold a by-election to fill the vacancies.

- 6. The cumulative voting method shall be used for election of the directors and supervisors at this Corporation. Each share will have voting rights in number equal to the directors or supervisors to be elected, and may be cast for a single candidate or split among multiple candidates.
- 7. The board of directors shall prepare separate ballots for directors in numbers corresponding to the directors to be elected. The number of voting rights associated with each ballot shall be specified on the ballots, which shall then be distributed to the attending shareholders at the shareholders meeting. Attendance card numbers printed on the ballots may be used instead of recording the names of voting shareholders.
- 8. The number of directors will be as specified in this Corporation's articles of incorporation, with voting rights separately calculated for independent and non-independent director positions. Those receiving ballots representing the highest numbers of voting rights will be elected sequentially according to their respective numbers of votes. When two or more persons receive the same number of votes, thus exceeding the specified number of positions, they shall draw lots to determine the winner, with the chair drawing lots on behalf of any person not in attendance.
- 9. Before the election begins, the chair shall appoint a number of persons with shareholder status to perform the respective duties of vote monitoring and counting personnel. The ballot boxes shall be prepared by the board of directors and publicly checked by the vote monitoring personnel before voting commences.
- 10. A ballot is invalid under any of the following circumstances:
  - (1)Is not dropped into the ballot box
  - (2)Is not on a ballot prepared by authorized conveners
  - (3)Is not filled out by voter or is blank
  - (4) The writing is unclear and indecipherable or has been altered.
  - (5) Contains the name of a candidate List of Director Candidates do not comply with the register of shares
  - (6)Other words or marks are entered in addition to the number of voting rights allotted.
- 11. The voting rights shall be calculated on site immediately after the end of the poll, and the results of the calculation, including the list of persons elected as directors or supervisors and the numbers of votes with which they were elected, shall be announced by the chair on the site
  - The previous ballots for the election referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be sealed with the signatures of the monitoring personnel and kept in proper custody for at least one year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the ballots shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.
- 12. These procedures and any amendments hereto, shall be implemented after approval by a shareholders' meeting.

This Procedure was enacted on June 30, 2016

The 1st amendment was made on July 15, 2021

## [Appendix 4]

# Amulaire Thermal Technology, Inc. Shareholdings of Directors

Book closure date: March 25, 2024

Title	Name	Shareholding
Chairman	Chi-Sheng, Lin	3,668,082
Director	Pao Yu (II) Investments Co., Ltd. Representative: Zhi-Hong, Shi	6,830,817
Director	Sunder Investment. Co., Ltd. Representative: Chao-Li, Huang	593,774
Director	Ta-Lun, Huang	1,505,469
Independent director	Hsin-Yi, Chan	_
Independent director	Shih Han, Huang	_
Independent director	Jin-hua, Chen	_
Total		12,598,142

#### Note:

- (1) Total shares issued as of March 25, 2024: 104,602,306 common shares.
- (2) Share ownership of directors required by law:8,000,000 common shares. The actual number of shares held: 12,598,142 common shares. The share ownership of directors has met the minimum legal requirement according to Article 26 of Securities Exchange Act of the Republic of China.
- (3) The company has an audit committee, so there is no statutory requirement for the number of shares held by the supervisor.